McKean County Miner.

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DERRICK CITY 6 SMETHPORT 3.

Leaders Lost Game Yesterday to the Oil Country Boys.

BUT TWO GAMES MORE TO PLAY

Smethport Almost Sure of the Pennant—Out Batted Opponents—The Week in Base Ball.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won	Lost	Per cent.
Smethport	8	2	.800
Derrick City	4	4	.500
Mt. Jewett	3	5	.375
Eldred	2	6	.250

The Ringers have been "headed off." After a long list of victories Smethport went against Derrick City yesterday at Kane Field confident of adding another button to the string, but the slippery boys from the oil town sprung a big surprise party upon them. The home team lost the game 6 to 3, but it was almost a pleasure to be defeated by such a gentlemanly aggregation. The locals out batted their opponents, but luck was against them and at times their work on the bases was painful to witness. Captain Tull was not in the game and his absence was severely felt.

Three men faced Denning in the opening inning. The first one struck out and the other two were retired McCabe to Keefer.

Andrews was curtain-raiser for Smethport and made a hit and stole second. McCabe followed with a hit and Hawkes made an error. Andrews counted and McCabe reached second. The next three men were easy outs.

Then there was nothing doing in the scoring line until the fourth. E. Korner, first man up for Derrick, plastered out a double. F. Korner followed with a single, which scored E. and an error placed F. on second. Abrams was out on a grounder and Korner reached third on the play. Hawke's raised a fly out to Estry and Ollie knowing that Korner would attempt stealing home, started to throw the ball just an instant before he caught it, and the result was a muff and a tally. Hawkes was disposed of by Croissant and McCabe. Watson batted a terrific grounder to Denning who barely reached it with his hands, but McCabe nabbed it and made one of his celebrated lightning throws and Derrick City retired.

Derrick counted one more in the sixth. Naber made a two-bagger, and a hit and an error scored him. Three runs were added in the eighth. Naber drew a pass and reached second on an error, E. Korner being safe on a player's choice. F. Korner fanned, but a bad error on Abram's grounder allowed two men to score, and Abrams completed the circuit a few minutes later on an out and a single.

Smethport's score is represented by a string of heads reaching from their run in the first inning even unto the eighth. In that inning Denning was out on a fly to Caswell. Andrews collided so forcibly with Hawkes, who was standing directly in the line, that the latter was out of business for a few moments, but Andrews was all right. He stole second and McCabe after making a hit, which placed Andrews on third, also committed the larceny of that bag. Daniels sent a fly out to Caswell, who made a nice catch, but Andrews scored on the throw home. McCabe came home on Keefer's double and Croissant made a hit. Bell was the third out and Smethport's scoring was over.

Derrick City certainly has a pretty fast team, but the base running of some of the Smethport players would have made even Mt. Jewett dangerous opponents.

For Smethport McCabe did some star work. Croissant caught in great form and not a stolen base is charged against him. Denning struck out ten men and his work was of the winning order.

Delo struck out only four men, but fielded his position well, and the "men behind" did the rest. Naber is certainly "the candy," two of his stops being of the spectacular order. Caswell nailed three difficult chances in right field and Sternberger took good care of his territory.

The tabulated score follows:

Smethport	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Andrews, cf	4	2	1	0	0	0
McCabe, 3d	4	1	2	1	3	0
Daniels, 2b	4	0	0	2	1	1
Keefer, 1st	4	0	1	10	0	1
Croissant, c	3	0	2	11	2	0
Bell, ss	4	0	2	1	1	2
Young, rf	3	0	0	0	0	1
Estry, lf	3	0	1	1	0	1
Denning, p	4	0	1	1	3	0
Total.	33	3	10	27	10	6

Derrick City	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Steinberger, lf	5	0	1	1	0	0
Naber, ss	4	2	1	1	2	0
E. Korner, 3b	5	2	2	1	4	0
F. Korner, 2b	4	1	1	3	3	1
Abrams, c	4	1	0	4	3	1
Hawkes, 2b	4	0	0	13	0	0
Watson, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Delo, p	4	0	0	0	5	0
Caswell, rf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Total	37	6	7	27	18	4

By innings:

Derrick City	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	—6
Smethport	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—3

Stolen bases—Andrews 2, McCabe.
Double play—Sternberger to F. Korner.
Struck out—by Denning 10; by Delo 4.
Base on balls—off Denning 1.
Hit by pitcher—Estry, Caswell.
Two base hits—Keefer, Steinberger.
Sacrifice hit—Young.
Umpire—Backus.

DERRICK CITY 2; ELDRED 0.

Probably the most exciting game to date played in the McKean league was the one between Derrick City and Eldred at the former place last Thursday afternoon. This was the Derrick City players' first league game and they celebrated the occasion by shutting out Eldred. Score 2 to 0.

TULL'S TEAM 7; BELL'S TEAM 6.

One of the most interesting and closely contested games ever played on Kane Field was the benefit arranged for Chas. Croissant last Friday. The crowd was small and the base ball patrons in general missed the most exciting contest up to date. Two town teams, captained by Herman Tull and S. E. Bell put up as fast and clean a game as one could wish for—there was not a dull moment during the struggle.

Tull's team had luck with them and won the game by one run, the final score being 7 to 6. Bell's boys hit harder and more often than their opponents and earned four of their runs, but they also made more errors. Their work after reaching first base was the greatest trouble, several of them running the bases with the speed and ponderous dignity of a steam-roller.

Andrews and Tull scored two earned runs in the first inning on three singles and a stolen base.

Keefer made the circuit for Bell's team in the second on a base on balls, passed ball and two errors. Three other men reached first base in this inning, but rather stupid base running killed all chances for more scores.

In the third Tull scored one for his side on two errors and Denning's single. Young made a single for the "other" side and came home on Keefer's slashing two-bagger, the ball going almost to the centerfield fence. Keefer also scored on an error.

Two hits and a pair of errors gave Tull's team three runs in the sixth. They scored one more in the seventh on two errors and a sacrifice hit.

Tom Young made a round trip in the eighth. He was the first man up and banged the ball into the high grass in left field where it was lost. Estry repeated the trick in the same inning, the ball hiding in the hay until he had made a home run.

In the ninth after Rubin had struck out, Bell made a hit and scored on McCabe's double. Young sacrificed McCabe to third. Keefer then came to bat and hit the ball a mighty swat and it went far into the air. McCabe dashed toward the plate—his score would tie the game—but the ball after a brief visit in the vicinity of the moon made a quick trip downward and found a resting place in "Bill" Andrews' hands, and it was all over.

Young, Estry and Denning carried off the batting honors and McClure did some nice work in right field. Croissant and Young caught great games. Fuller did not exert himself owing to a sore arm, but, at that, he had his opponents guessing. Denning pitched a good steady game and fanned seven of Bell's men. The score follows:

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Bell, ss	5	1	1	3	2	2
McCabe, 3b	4	0	1	1	3	3
Young, c	4	2	2	5	0	0
Keefer, 1b	4	2	1	11	0	0
Estry, 2b	5	1	2	1	1	2
Fuller, p	4	0	2	0	3	0
McClure, rf	4	0	0	1	2	0
F. Denning, lf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Rubin, cf	4	0	0	1	0	1
Total	39	6	10	27	11	8

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Andrews, cf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Tull, 3b	3	1	1	1	0	1
Daniels, 2b	4	1	0	3	0	0
Croissant, c	4	1	0	9	4	1
C. Denning, p	3	1	3	0	4	0
Furtle, 1b	4	1	1	9	1	2
Morrison, ss	4	1	0	2	3	1
Brown, lf	1	0	1	1	0	0
McCoy, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Total	39	7	9	27	12	5

By innings:

Tull's Team	2	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	x	—7
Bell's Team	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	—6

Stolen bases—McCabe, Young, Fuller; Tull, Denning, Morrison.
Struck out—by Denning 7; Fuller 3.
Base on balls—off Denning 1.
Hit by pitcher—Estry, McCabe.
Two base hits—Keefer, McCabe; Denning.
Home runs—Young, Estry.
Sacrifice hits—Young; Denning.
Umpire—Backus.

CLERKS' 17; BARBERS' 8.

About the only demonstration of a Labor Day celebration in this place was a game of base ball at Kane Field between teams supposed to be composed of the barbers on one side and the clerks on the other. Some of the members of the clerks' team never so much as cut a yard of ribbon or sold a pound of crackers, and in turn some of the barbers never even scraped the lather off a horse or shaved a pound of dried beef, but they had to be taken in to fill up, and the game started at 3 p. m., with a large crowd of rooters for each side.

At first the barbers took the lead but after the third inning their curves and spirits became somewhat dull and the clerks took the lead which they easily kept until the last half of the eighth inning when both of the balls were lost and the game was abandoned. Old Hoss Tom Young, who presided over the score sheet, after some deliberation gave out the score as 17 to 8 in favor of the clerks, but as yet he has been unable to figure out the hits, errors, etc., and therefore the tabulated score is not appended. The features of the game was the all around playing of Claud Denning and Al Heath, for the barbers, both of whom did not appear on the grounds.

BASE BALL IN BRIEF.

The pennant this year will be of blue lansdowne, 12 feet long, with the letters "M—L—04" in crimson silk. It will be ready to run up as soon as the season closes. It is now proposed to pick the strongest team from the three remaining teams and play the pennant winners a home game after the last scheduled game is played and run the flag up for the first time then.—Eldred Eagle. Let's get a pole ready.

Claud Denning pitched for Bolivar against Portville, Labor Day. The Bolivar team was victorious.

A game between the Cinder Heads and the Barbers is expected in the near future.

HOW THEY STAND.

Owing to lack of time and space only the batting averages can be given this week.

BATTING.

Player	G	A B	R	H.	Ave.
Estry	5	19	4	8	.421
Keefer	14	60	17	23	.383
McCabe	21	90	27	34	.378
Stull	8	35	11	13	.371
Denning	21	84	24	30	.357
Andrews	16	70	22	24	.343
Tull	18	80	24	26	.325
Daniels	21	58	17	16	.302
Fuller	8	32	6	9	.281
Young	14	61	12	16	.263
King	9	31	7	7	.226
Croissant	17	72	13	16	.215
McClure	14	58	8	7	.121
Ramer	10	35	6	4	.114

LEAGUE GAMES TO BE PLAYED.

Sept. 9, Mt. Jewett at Eldred.
Sept. 13, Eldred at Smethport.
Sept. 15, Derrick City at Mt. Jewett.
Sept. 20, Smethport at Eldred; Mt. Jewett at Derrick City.

A Great Ball Game.

Perhaps the most interesting ball game of the season will be played at Kane field, Smethport, next Monday at 3:30 p. m. The game is to be between the members of the two rival country clubs and is to be for blud (blood), and also a banquet the evening of the game. In a game between these two teams some time ago the Frogs defeated the Crabs by a score of 6 to 7 and since that time the Crabs have been practicing steadily and are now in better form. Realizing the danger that confronts them the Frogs have been scouring the country for Frogs to strengthen their team and we just learned yesterday afternoon that the Supreme Congenial had sent a draft for $25.00 to Chicago to secure Gifford, that famous outfielder, for this game. Ryan, Gallup and Yerdon, the star infielders of days gone by, will also be here. Horace of the well-known Sawdust brothers will preside on the rubber for the Frogs and we understand that Rube, the little cyclone, will act in that capacity for the Crabs.

Notwithstanding the fact that all this talent has been secured the general admission will only be 25 cents with the grand stand free. The whole expense of the game will be borne by members of the club and the gross proceeds will be donated to the Kane field fund. Don't miss the opportunity of your life and see this notorious aggregation of ball tossers next Monday.

Boys Steal Balls.

The practice of stealing baseballs that have been batted into the weeds has been going on during the whole season but the limit was reached yesterday when nine new balls and one old one were put into the game. After the game one connected with the team made some investigation and found one boy who had two slightly used balls and recovered them. This youngster "peached" on some of his comrades in the ball stealing business, and unless the balls are returned arrests will be made.

We deeply regret having to report these thefts, for it is sad to learn that our boys are coming up this way and they should be taught a lesson now that they will remember the balance of their lives. Those we know are of reputable families and therefore we suppress their names. The manager has always allowed the boys to see the games free, and to think these boys would rob those who have befriended them makes their deeds more deplorable.

A Peculiar Accident.

Helen, the two-year-old child of Judge and Mrs. J. W. Bouton, met with a very painful and peculiar accident Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Bouton was seated at a sewing machine and the child climbed into her lap. In some way the little one moved the forefinger of her right hand under the needle and it penetrated the member with such force that it bent and again entered the flesh and was broken off. Dr. McCoy was summoned and found it necessary to place the child under the influence of chloroform before the broken needle could be removed. Little Helen is getting along nicely now and no serious effects are feared from the injury.

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In Juvenile Court.

The one case in court this week which was of general interest was Commonwealth Humane Society vs. James and Mary Dawton of State Line, Pa. It was a Juvenile Court case and aroused a great deal of interest. The Society charges the defendants with neglecting their children, Albert and Elmer, aged respectfully, 14 and 2 years. It appears that the mother has been confined in the insane asylum at Warren since last April and the little ones are left in charge of their father, who, it is claimed, is not a fit person to give them the needed care and attention. Owing to lack of care it is claimed Lawton's elder son is incorrigible. He has been arrested once and and at the present time is under bail to appear at the next term of criminal court. As an example of his pranks a neighbor testified that the boy came to his house, took "the old oaken bucket" from the well, washed his feet in it and threw the water back in the well. The court ordered the children to be turned over to the Humane Society, the oldest one permanently, and the baby to be kept until the mother returns from Warren, which the father says she is now able to do.

Many other cases came before Judge Bouton in Civil Court this week but none were of any particular interest to the general public.

Smethport Bowlers Victorious.

In a bowling match with the Edgewood Club team of Bradford at Backus' alleys last Friday night, the Smethport rollers were victorious by a margin of 204 pins.

Three games were rolled, Smethport winning the first and third. At the conclusion of the match the visitors were escorted to Hotel Imperial where a delicious banquet awaited them.

The score of the games follow:

Bradford	1st	2nd	3rd	Ave.
Edgett	129	120	136	126⅓
Hyde	184	147	134	136⅓
Fuller	98			98
Bond	190	157	156	181
Lydell	128	163	128	137⅔
Kogh	139	175	202	172
Kincaid	139	180	165	161⅓
Ward	171	193	121	161⅓
Total	1123	1134	1051	

Smethport	1st	2nd	3rd	Ave.
Purtle	152	168	171	163⅓
Morrison	150		194	172
Johnson	173	154	169	165⅓
Clark	139	146	124	134⅓
Moore	223	171	128	174
Hoffman	194	186	142	180⅔
Keefer	134	150	147	143⅓
Bell	138	147		142½
Total	1317	1131	1095	

Ridgway and St. Marys Churches.

Bishop Whitehead laid the corner-stone of a new church building at Ridgway on last Monday afternoon, and on the following day laid the corner-stone of a church building in St. Marys. The rector of Grace church, Ridgway, the Rev. Geo. S. Harvey has charge of the new congregation at St. Marys. It is understood that Mrs. Hall of Ridgway has contributed most of the funds for these buildings. The Bishop was attended by Rev. Dr. Kleiter of Bradford, Rev. Dr. Mellet of Sharon, Rev. Mr. Clar of Foxburg, Rev. Mr. McEwen of Kane, Rev. Mr. Robertson of Emporium and Rev. Mr. McCandless of Smethport. A large congregation was present. After the services the guests were entertained at dinner in the parish house.

The new church will be a handsome stone structure, partly modelled after St. Luke's, Smethport, and will cost about $25,000. Many rich memorials have already been given. The congregation is increasing and has fine prospects for the future.

The Eastern Star Picnic.

The annual picnic and outing of Rata Chapter of Eldred and Phoenix Chapter of Smethport, Order of the Eastern Star, a Masonic auxiliary, was held on Tuesday at Riverhurst with an attendance of about 70 members and invited guests. The spread is reported to have been most excellent and greatly enjoyed by all.

A feature of the day was two baseball games between teams composed of ladies, with the exception of the catcher of each nine. Mrs. Habgood and Mr. Stickem did the battery work for the Eldreds and Mrs. Brownell and Mr Specht officiated in a similar capacity for the Smethport team, the latter nine winning two games and the former team one. T. L. Sartwell of Eldred presided as umpire and chief "rooter." The steal home by one of the Smethport ladies is reported to have brought forth hearty applause from both players and spectators.

At the Lyceum Sept. 16.

Friday, Sept. 16, the attraction at the Lyceum will be "Uncle Hez," presented by Frank Adams. Advance notices speak highly of this attraction. The company, which travels in a private car, numbers 28 people, including a band and orchestra. More about it next week.

Cross cut and one man saws and woodsmen's supplies of all kinds at Holmes & Gilfillan's.

ANCIENT HISTORY.

Happening in McKean County in Days of Old. Taken from the Files.

A. B. Armstrong met with a very severe and painful accident last Saturday afternoon. He was putting up for a customer a mixture of sulphuric acid and mercury, and having poured the compound into a bottle, inadvertently put the stopple in very tight, when immediately the powerful fermentation blew out the stopple and a portion of the contents of the bottle struck him in the face. The effect could have hardly been more distressing had molten lead been thrown in his face. He was immediately taken to his residence and Dr. Brown called to attend him. For hours his sufferings were indescribable, completely crazing him at times. Luckily very little got into his eyes, and it is believed that his sight will be retained, though it was a very close call.

Jennings-Rafle—Married at Smethport Sept. 1, 1875, by A. R. Tubbs, J. P., Mr. B. F. Jennings of Ludlowville, N. Y., and Miss Mary Rifle of Smethport.

We are informed that it has been decided to put the Smethport oil well down another 300 feet, making 2,000 ft. in all. This determination was not arrived at with any strong expectations of finding oil, but with the more particular object of securing a big flow of gas. If a sufficient quantity of gas is found to warrant the laying of pipes and conducting it to the borough for heating and lighting purposes, the sinking of the well will not have been in vain as a matter both of public good and pecuniary advantage to the stockholders. It will probably be a couple of weeks before drilling can be resumed, as a new 2,000 foot cable is necessary, which being an unusual length will have to be made to order. We are told that this cable will cost over $300 and will weigh fully a ton.

A boy by the name of Geo. Mattison went fooling around one of the smaller saws in Rogers' saw and planing mill on Monday, and now carries his arm in a sling with a portion of his hand nearly severed from his body.

The Buffalo and Jamestown Railroad was formally opened to Jamestown Saturday, October 9, 1875.

The news comes to us from a very reliable quarter that our friend, A. J. Hughes of the Port Allegany, Reporter, is at last one of us—we poor married men. He was married Thursday, Aug. 19, 1875, to Mrs. Alice Bush of Friendship, N. Y. We always rejoice when we hear of such a piece of good fortune happening to an editor—they are blessed with so few of the luxuries of life—and we wish for our neighbor and his new partner a long life of solid comfort together.

White-Hamlin—Married at the residence of the bride's father, A. D. Hamlin, Esq., Sunday Sept. 5, 1875, by G. M. Smith, J. P., Mr. W. W. White and Miss E. J. Hamlin, all of Smethport.

Grinols-Farr—Married at the Bennett House in Smethport, Sunday, Sept. 5, 1875, Mr. J. H. Grinols of Liberty, and Miss G. A. Farr of Naples, N. Y.

We understand that W. T. Caller of Kane was dangerously poisoned last Saturday, and his life was barely saved by the efforts of Drs. Freeman and Crossmire.

In the hurry of court week we overlooked a very interesting local item last week. On Thursday, Sept. 28, 1875, J. P. Ferguson, the popular passenger conductor of the McK. & B. railroad, was married to Miss Effie H. McMahon, niece of Mrs. Asa Cory. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Peckham, at the residence of Mr. Asa Cory, in the presence of only the immediate friends of the bride and groom, which was by no means a small company. It was an auspicious and happy event. The bride is possessed of every womanly grace of heart and mind, and as every one knows "Jack," is one of the most generous and noble-hearted fellows living. May they live long and be happy.

Prof Kales reports 107 scholars in attendance at the borough school on Monday, Sept. 20, 1875.

The name of the post office formerly called Clermontville has been changed to Clermont, and J. R. Townsend appointed postmaster.

On Monday morning the solemn tolling of the bell announced the departure from earth of the early settler and old inhabitant of McKean county, Mr. James Reilly, at the advanced age of 98 years. Mr. Reilly was born in Ireland. He came to this country with his family in 1840 and after a brief stay in Philadelphia, came directly to this county and settled on a large tract of land on Potato creek, where he has has resided ever since, making his home of late years with his son, Andrew Reilly. The funeral was held at the Catholic church in this place, of which faith he was a firm believer, Wednesday, Oct. 6, 1875.

We understand that the mining force at the Clermont mines is to be increased this week by the addition of 100 miners.

Friendship, N. Y., was visited by a $25,000 fire Tuesday evening, Oct. 5, 1875. Eight or ten buildings were destroyed including the American Hotel.

Dynamite, fuse, caps, etc. Holmes & Gilfillan.

Fireman Saved Old Man's Life.

William Dieselman, an aged resident of the Fifth ward, is at the hospital suffering from nervous shock and painful bruises about the arms and body, occasioned by a fall from the B., B. & K. trestle, near the roundhouse, yesterday afternoon. Fortunately he fell into shallow water else the accident would have ended fatally. It appears that Dieselman, who is aged about 70 years, and is quite deaf, was crossing the narrow gauge trestle and did not notice the approach of a train until warned of his danger by several boys. He was then near the end of the trestle, but in the excitement turned and faced the approaching engine and walked toward it. The air brakes were immediately applied by the engineer and the reverse lever set. Fireman Gage, with great presence of mind, sprang from the cab, and going along the running board of the locomotive, reached the cow-catcher just as it was about to come in contact with Dieselman, who was then standing helplessly in the centre of the track. Owing to the latter's size Gage was unable to lift him aside, but reaching from the engine the fireman grasped him by the shoulder and with a powerful jerk threw the man from the trestle into the creek, saving him from being crushed to death beneath the wheels of the locomotive. The latter was not stopped until it had passed fully 60 feet beyond the point where Dieselman had been standing.

Supt. Campbell and others who had witnessed the scene hurried to the assistance of Dieselman and he was quickly removed from the water. Koch's ambulance was summoned and he was conveyed to the hospital where he received surgical attention. The injuries sustained are of a minor nature, the more serious danger being from shock, owing principally to his advanced age.—Monday's Bradford Era.

Sig. Sautelle's Circus.

It is stated that the only lion-slayer in captivity is now in the menagerie of Sig. Santelle's Nine Consolidated Railroad Shows, which will exhibit in Smethport on Sept. 15. The animal is a representative of the ape family and is covered with a long growth of soft hair, grayish blue in color and greatly resembling a cap and cape of thick, long and straight fur. The hair on the lower half of the body is extremely short and stiff. When aroused to anger the lion-slayer emits loud, unearthly sounds from its throat which would do full credit to a large sized elephant. Fearing neither elephant or rhinoceros, it is claimed that the lion will turn and flee at the first sign of this species of ape. Although several times larger and stronger than its most feared enemy the king of beasts is said to be no match for this enemy, which is ever ready to do battle when the two meet. This is but one of the rare and costly animals in Mr. Santelle's double menagerie. This aggregation of wild animals is one of the most complete in existence. A person might study deeply all the books at hand on the subject of natural history and yet never learn as much as may be learned in a few moments of seeing them alive. The menagerie should not be considered a mere matter of curiosity, it is a potent factor in education and should receive the serious consideration of all persons. This colossal collection of rare animal life makes an especial appeal to all scholars and students of natural history.

Dropped the Bottle But Had His Wit.

We heard a true story the other day which is pretty good, which also shows the ready wit of the party who was a victim of circumstances. The party in question, who is a well-known and popular business man in town, was crossing the street hurriedly, and as he stepped into the doorway of a business place a bottle dropped from one of his pockets and broke upon the sidewalk. With a sudden start he stepped back and glancing up at the window above, remarked that people should be more careful about leaving bottles on the window ledge where they could so easily be knocked off and that came very near striking him on the head. Parties who saw where the bottle came from enjoyed the joke hugely, but as to the contents of the bottle—why that's another story.

Two Bradford Men Killed.

Fireman Clyde J. Osterstuck and Brakeman James Welsh were killed and Engineer Clarence Gordonier, Fireman J. B. Valk and Engineer John McCord were painfully injured, the result of a head-end collision between freight trains at 3:50 Tuesday morning at Carmen, on the B., R. & P. The accident was the result of a misunderstanding of orders.

Both engines wer derailed and a number of cars were piled up. The death of both men was instantaneous as indicated by they terrible injuries they sustained. Welsh's skull was fractured and his face and neck were cut and frightfully disfigured. Osterstuck sustained a broken neck and injuries to his head and body. The victims were taken to Bradford on the afternoon flyer.

You should stop and see the new 32 Savage hammerless rifle. 10, 12, 16 and 20 gauge shotguns and hunters' supplies of all kinds at Holmes & Gilfillan's.

The Major

By Alice E. Allen

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The Major munched his hay and meditated. The Girl had given him an apple that morning, reaching it up to him daintily as he stood near the terrace.

The Major had taken the apple carefully from the Girl's soft hand. He had blinked a slow "Thank you" with his great kind eyes. Then at Dick's command he had trotted gravely away.

Next to Dick, Major loved the Girl. Sometimes he grew impatient even with Dick. Now was one of the times. The rich flavor of that late russet still lingered in his mouth. He wondered—the Major—if the Girl herself never grew impatient with Dick.

Of course the Girl loved Dick. One couldn't help that, even if one did grow impatient sometimes and want to be off on a stiff trot when one was told to walk. But did Dick love the Girl? Or was it Geraldine?

He went to see Geraldine nearly every week, and almost never to see the Girl. But time was, not so long ago, when they—Dick and the Major—had waited before the Girl's door nearly every day.

To be sure, they always had waited. And sometimes the Major remembered now with a sigh, he had grown restive and impatient with the long delay.

But in time the Girl had always come—well worth waiting for. And before she stepped into the carriage she had always stroked his nose and fed him a lump of sugar or told him admiringly what a fine horse he was.

Geraldine never noticed him at all, except to scream when he jumped at an automobile. The Major didn't approve of Geraldine, although, perhaps, she was prettier than the Girl. But Dick evidently did approve of her.

The Major chewed away on his crisp hay and meditated. Sometimes he felt that he must do something desperate, something that would open Dick's eyes to the superiority of the Girl.

The Major meditated a long time over his hay before Dick came to harness him. The Major saw, with joy, that it was the single carriage which was drawn out, not the surrey. That only two people should ride together in the same carriage at the same time was one of the Major's pet theories.

Dick whistled all through the harnessing. The Major didn't know one tune from another, but he did know that when Dick whistled he was in good humor. So he, the Major, pranced a little as he had always done when he was young, to show that he, too, was light hearted.

The Major crossed the bridge with a slow, steady trot, increased his pace up the long hill, dashed determinedly by the turn which led to Geraldine's and, his head held high, drew up before the Girl's house.

When he looked around at his master Dick did not seem ill pleased. He seemed surprised, but that may have been because the Girl was ready and waiting.

She came down the walk. She wore a blue shirt waist and her prettiest hat. In her slender, ungloved hand was a great lump of sugar.

"It's for you, sir," she said, reaching up the crisp lump to Major. Then she stood on tiptoe and patted his nose.

"Good Major, good old Major," she said softly to him. "I believe," she added to Dick as he helped her into the carriage, "that the Major understands me thoroughly."

"Lucky Major," said Dick as he took the lines. "I wish I had horse sense."

The Girl laughed. Major would go a mile over sandy roads to hear her laugh. Now he started off at his best gait. He soon found that they were going out into the country. Of that the Major approved fully.

Dick and the Girl conversed readily enough on various subjects—the weather, the roads, the outlook for a good hay crop. Interesting as this last topic usually was to Major, he felt vaguely dissatisfied now. Why couldn't that stupid Dick say something which would bring back to the Girl's voice the tone she had used when she said, "good old Major?" One had only to look at her, the Major knew. 'Twas easy enough.

Major sniffed and trotted on. Well he knew the road every inch of it. It led up hill and down, past gay little brooks, between fields bright with cowslips and orchards white with the snow of cherry blooms, to the pine grove on the bank of the river where the arbutus grew.

The wind was soft and sweet with the kisses it had stolen from the violets. Hosts of dainty blues raised their pretty parasols in the dust of the wayside. The world was very fair and in the May.

The Major wished that he could talk. How stupid to be only a horse! For as they went on and on silence fell upon the occupants of the carriage. The Major's head drooped lower and lower. He went more and more slowly.

The Girl hummed a careless little tune under her breath. Dick addressed all of his remarks to the Major, and the Major did as he thought best about obeying.

"Major's lazy today," said Dick gloomily. "He's scarcely worth his feed; believe I'll sell him when a chance offers."

The Girl's voice was sweet, but a trifle strained, when she responded. The Major, who paid more attention to tones than to words, knew that something must be done for her. What should it be? he mused as he walked slowly along the road.

Then they turned from the main road and went along a rough, uneven wagon track through a pasture toward the woods.

In the woods something might happen. Woods sweet with pine and pink with arbutus offered many opportunities for the adjustment of complicated love affairs.

Once under the pines, before Dick could fasten the Major to a tree in a cleared space the Girl was out of the carriage and away through the green gloom.

Dick followed more slowly. Major stood quietly. Things seemed to go well at first. Then there came a silence, then another longer one; then there was no conversation at all.

After awhile the Girl came out from under the trees. Her face was sober. Dick came behind her. She ran up to him—the Major—and gave him some grass. She slipped her arm around his neck and said in a very low voice: "Major, I wouldn't be so stupid as your master is—not for worlds! Would you?"

Then she ran away again through the soft gold green shadows. Dick followed. There was a look on his face which Major remembered to have seen there once before when he, the Major, had entered a horse race.

Major munched the grass and listened. He could hear Dick's voice speaking earnestly. Then came the Girl's, coolly defiant, tantalizing; then Dick's again. If only they could wait long enough, matters would be decided.

Then it was that the Major took matters into his own care. He pulled gently at the halter; 'twas quite loose. He pulled again and again, each time harder. Dick had been thinking of other knots than the one he was tying when he fastened the Major, evidently. It slipped, loosened, the halter fell. Major was free to do as he liked.

With great care he measured his space. There was just room to turn around. Very carefully he did it, backing the carriage quietly. Then, picking his way over the rough road and broken bridge, he went slowly away. He did not trot. He walked swiftly and surely as for a settled purpose. Any one seeing him would have said that he was driven.

He reached the main road and started for home.

Surely somewhere in the pine woods or on that long walk home the two, Dick and the Girl, would come to an understanding.

He went on leisurely, trotting easily up the little hill, then walking slowly again, coming nearer and nearer to the first dwelling this side of the pine woods, a little farmhouse nestled among the maples.

A woman pulling weeds from a flower bed looked up at the sound of Major's steps. She pushed back her hat. She glanced at the empty carriage. Then she sprang to her feet and called "Whoa!"

But the Major didn't stop. The woman ran down the walk and through the gate and caught his bridle. "You're Dick Churchill's horse," she said with a soft touch on his head. "Where is your master?"

The Major didn't wish to talk. And he did wish to be on his way. But the woman didn't understand. How could she? She was only a woman. She led him through a gate and along a driveway to a big barn. He went readily enough. The Major was always polite to womankind out of respect to the Girl and her apples and lumps of sugar.

In the barn the woman fastened him securely and gave him a drink of water and a handful of hay. "Your master 'll be along soon enough lookin' of you up," she said as she went back to her weeding.

Almost an hour later Dick walked hurriedly along the road and up to the farmhouse. Major heard his step and his voice. "Can I borrow a horse and carriage here?" he was saying. "My horse has gone off without me"—

"Guess you'll find him in the barn," said the woman. "He went walkin' along by here quite a spell ago. Anything wrong?"

There was nothing wrong. In fact, to the Major's way of thinking, everything was right, for Dick's face looked just as it did after he (Major) had won that race many years ago.

When Dick and the Major reached the woods there was the Girl sitting on the pine needles. And her cheeks were as pink as the arbutus itself. And her eyes—well, the Major just wished she'd look at him as she did at Dick.

"Oh, Dick!" was all she said. But Major knew.

Buffon's Laziness.

Buffon rose always with the sun, and he used often to tell by what means he had accustomed himself to get out of bed so early. "In my youth," said he, "I was very fond of sleep. It robbed me of a great deal of my time, but my poor Joseph (his domestic) was of great service in enabling me to overcome it. I promised to give Joseph a crown every time that he could make me get up at 6.

"The next morning he did not fail to awake and torment me, but he received only abuse. The day after he did the same, with no better success, and I was obliged at noon to confess that I had lost my time. I told him that he did not know how to manage his business; that he ought to think of my promise and not to mind my threats. The day following he employed force, and I begged for intelligence. I bid him begone, I stormed, but Joseph persisted. I was therefore obliged to comply, and he was rewarded every day for the abuse which he suffered at the moment when I awoke by thanks, accompanied with a crown, which he received about an hour after. Yes, I am indebted to poor Joseph for ten or a dozen of the volumes of my work."

Wanted New Habits.

Sad Looking Man—I see you have a sign out, "Maker of Women's Habits." Do you mean it? Ladies' Tailor—Certainly I do. Sad Looking Man—Well, since my wife's been going to the club she's lost all the good ones she had, and I wish you'd make her a complete new set regardless of expense. And please include the habit of staying at home once in awhile and mending my clothes.

He Broke Out.

Uncle—Are you always so quiet, my little man? Small Johnny—I should say not. But mamma promised me a shilling if I wouldn't say anything about your bald head and the wart on your nose.

RADICAL LIQUOR CURE.

In Persia the Drunkard's Ears Are Nailed to the Sidewalk.

"There is only one custom in our country which I would like to see established in America, and that is the custom of dealing with drunkards," said a Persian. "In our country when a man gets drunk we take him and nail him to the sidewalk, driving the spikes through his ears. Then when other people come along they spit in his face and kick him until he is sober. I think this method would do a great deal of good in America, because you have more drunkenness than we do. There are no saloons in Persia, the chief beverage being homemade wine. They don't even know what beer is.

"Our officials have several ways of making prisoners confess to crimes," said the Persian. "The favorite method is to take them on a stand around which all the people of the town gather and then put out one eye. If the crime is not very great an arm is cut off or a leg severed. If it is only a trivial offense probably an ear is sacrificed. Very often innocent people are subjected to these torments, but it cannot be helped.

"The Persians very seldom hang a man for crime. If he kills another he is fined $15 and allowed to go. If he kills ten or a dozen and the people finally decide that he ought to be put out of the way he is hanged. But he is not hanged as they hang men in this country. He is hanged by the feet and a heavy weight is tied to his head. Then he is allowed to die. If the accused prisoner is a woman her hair is shorn from her head, provided the offense is a trivial one. If it is a serious one she may be turned into a room filled with mad cats and be scratched to death.

"Persian jails are dark cellars and contain no furniture whatever. The government doesn't feed prisoners, this being left to friends of the accused. If he happens to have no friends he will starve to death. Often times when food is brought by friends the keepers of the prison and the other officials appropriate it, so the prisoners have to go hungry."—Sioux City Journal.

TITLES.

The centurion, as the name implies, was the commander of 100 men in the Roman army.

The title bailiff was formerly very honorable, and the official was vested with many important powers.

The title colonel comes from the word almost the same in several languages, signifying a column. The colonel was so called because he led or commanded the column.

The title mayor comes from the French and originally signified "one who keeps guard." He was the head steward of a city, administering its affairs in the name of the king.

Imperator was originally a title of honor bestowed on a victorious general. After the downfall of the Roman republic it became the title of the supreme ruler and had the sense of our word emperor.

The royal title beg has now almost disappeared and when used in the altered form of bey is applied to a military rank in the Turkish army. Originally it was deemed more honorable than that of sultan.

Mistaken Identity.

Sir Thomas Robinson was a tall, uncouth man, and his appearance was rendered still more striking by his hunting dress, which consisted of a tight green jacket, buckskin breeches and a postillion's cap. He once set off in his hunting suit to pay a visit to his sister in Paris. He arrived at the house while there was a large company at dinner. The servant announced M. Robinson, and in walked this remarkable figure, to the amazement of the guests. One of them, a French abbe, lifted his fork three times to his mouth and each time laid it down without tasting the food. Unable at last to restrain his curiosity longer, he burst out eagerly, "Excuse me, monsieur, are you the famous Robinson Crusoe so remarkable in history?"—London Times.

A Disconsolate Widow.

"Life has no more charms for me. I'll retire to a convent and spend the rest of my days in prayer and meditation," said a young widow.

"That would be the same as committing suicide. You are rich and beautiful and only thirty years of age."

"Twenty-nine, if you please!"

The Lucky Day.

"What day of the week do you think is the luckiest to get married on?" queried the soft and sweet young thing.

"The eighth," replied the confirmed bachelor, refusing to be sentimental even for a minute.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Enough.

"I understand that the relatives of the late Jabez Flint, the millionaire, are going to erect a monument to his memory."

"What did he ever do to deserve a monument?"

"He died."—Brooklyn Life.

Plausible.

"Keep your seats, please, ladies and gentlemen," said a theatrical manager. "There is no danger whatever, but for some inexplicable reason the light has gone out." Then a boy shouted from the gallery, "Perhaps it didn't like the play."

A Close Finish.

Tom—And so you won on the last race? Harry—Yes, but the finish was so close that I would have lost if the other horse had stuck out his tongue.—Kansas City Journal.

Absolutely Harmless. Cures on the Spot.

BROMO-PEPSIN

"NOTE THE WORD PEPSIN."

CURES Headache, Sleeplessness, Indigestion and Nervousness.

All Druggists, 10c, 25c and 50c.

A BRAWNY EVANGELIST.

He First Whipped a Bully and Then Brought Him to Church.

A methodist minister tells the following story about the late Sam Rozel, the great Virginia evangelist, who in his day was one of the best known pulpit orators in the south:

"Sam Rozel was a very big man and had a wide reputation for physical strength. In his college days he came off the field of combat, usually a circumscribed and secluded area of the campus, wearing the laurel of victory on many occasions, and after he became a preacher stories of his physical prowess were spread far and near.

"One day he went to a village to hold a protracted meeting. The village blacksmith, who was a very big man, and who was recognized, especially among the tavern habitues, as a pugilistic wonder, heard about the coming of Rozel, and the villagers did not fail to tell him all they had heard about the size of the parson's arm and the length of his legs, and of the convincing way he had of closing an argument with his fists.

"All this nettled the smith considerably, so when Rozel reached the town he sought him out and asked him to fight.

"Rozel, of course, said he did not want to fight, but the smith kept on insisting, and finally Rozel became angry and agreed to grattify the fellow.

"They fought. Rozel literally wiped up the ground with the big man. When he had pounded him until the poor, vanquished bully was gasping hard, Rozel picked him up and threw him over a fence.

"The blacksmith had not said a word since the affray began up to this point. As he rolled over on the other side of the fence, however, he called out:

"'Say, parson, kindly throw my horse over too. I'm going away.'

"But Rozel followed the man to his home, and had him sitting on a front bench at the meeting that same night singing louder than any one else."—Baltimore Sun.

Practical Financiering.

Rayner—There's a dangerous new counterfeit five dollar bill announced. Better look through your roll and see if you have one of 'em, Shayne. Not much! I'll look at every five dollar bill I take in, though, you can bet.—Chicago Tribune.

Accounted For.

"Phizzer has started up a soda water fountain."

"Why, how could Phizzer do that? He hasn't a penny of his own."

"Well I heard him say he had the fountain chirped."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Foundation.

"That's the new mansion of one of our wealthy sugar refiners."

"Ah! Another house built upon sand."

"No; rather upon the rocks he made out of sand."—Philadelphia Ledger.

It is human nature to hate those whom we have injured.—Tacitus.

A TRINITY OF EVILS.

Mr. Martin Montgomery, of Silvara, Pa., formerly of Roxbury, N. Y., writing to Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., said: "Your new medicine, Cal-cura Solvent, is wonderful. It cured me of liver and kidney troubles, and rheumatism, after a lot of weary dosing with things that did no good. It is a record breaker and no mistake."

It is because Cal-cura Solvent acts on the kidneys and liver and at the same time expels uric acid from the blood, that it is such a reliable remedy for rheumatism and the attendant disorders. It cures by removing the cause, therefore the cure is permanent, safe and sure. All druggists, $1.00.

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SMETHPORT, PENNA.

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Housekeepers, Attention!

We have a generous offer to make to the ladies who wish to complete their housecleaning in a thoroughly effective and sanitary manner.

We have a spleddid Formaldehyde Generator which we will lend to purchasers of one jar or more of Leninger's Solidified Formaldehyde.

It clears the air of all germs and makes your home atmosphere pure and sweet.

1 jar Formaldehyde, 75c.

Small household generator with 1 jar Formaldehyde given free, $1.00, or we will lend large generator.

Extremely simple, no trouble to use, perfectly harmless and efficient.

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Fresh
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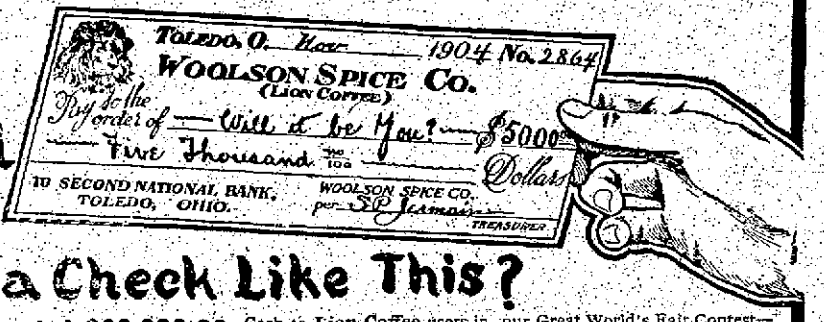
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We Have Awarded $20,000.00 Cash to *Lion Coffee* users in our Great World's Fair Contest—2139 people get checks, 2139 more will get them in the

Presidential Vote Contest

Five Lion-Heads cut from Lion Coffee Packages and a 2-cent stamp entitle you (in addition to the regular free premiums) to one vote. The 2-cent stamp covers our acknowledgment to you that your estimate is recorded. You can send as many estimates as desired.

What will be the total popular vote cast for President (votes for all candidates combined) at the election November 8, 1904?

In 1900 election, 13,959,653 people voted for President. For nearest correct estimates received in Woolson Spice Company's office, Toledo, O., on or before November 5, 1904, we will give first prize for the nearest correct estimate, second prize to the next nearest, etc., etc., as follows:

Grand First Prize of $5,000.00

will be awarded to the one who is nearest correct on both our World's Fair and Presidential Vote Contests.

We also offer $5,000.00 Special Cash Prizes to Grocer Clerks. (Particulars in each case of Lion Coffee.)

1	First Prize		$2,500.00
1	Second Prize		1,000.00
2	Prizes—$500.00	each	1,000.00
5	Prizes— 200.00	"	1,000.00
10	Prizes— 100.00	"	1,000.00
20	Prizes— 50.00	"	1,000.00
50	Prizes— 20.00	"	1,000.00
250	Prizes— 10.00	"	2,500.00
1800	Prizes— 5.00	"	9,000.00
2139	PRIZES,	TOTAL,	$20,000.00

How Would Your Name Look on One of These Checks?

Everybody uses coffee. If you will use *LION COFFEE* long enough to get acquainted with it, you will be suited and convinced there is no other such value for the money. Then you will take no other—and that's why we advertise. And we are using our advertising money so that both of us—you as well as we—will get a benefit. Hence for your *Lion Heads* WE GIVE BOTH FREE PREMIUMS AND CASH PRIZES

Complete Detailed Particulars in Every Package of

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WOOLSON SPICE CO., (CONTEST DEP'T.) TOLEDO, OHIO.

Armstrong's Reliable Jewelry Store

Is, as ever, headquarters for everything in the line of

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If you wish to be ON TIME buy your

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at this reliable establishment. Prices are right,

Stock is Complete,

Goods are the Best, therefore your patronage is solicited.

M. L. ARMSTRONG,

Main Street, Smethport, Pa

HORSESHOEING.

Having opened a general blacksmith shop in what is known as the Mullin Building, at the corner of Water and Franklin Streets, I am now prepared to attend to the business in my line in a careful and workmanlike manner.

C. J. VANBLAD.

Will be paid by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., if they cannot show the original signature of the individual volunteering the testimonial below, and also of the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their genuineness.

"For about two years I suffered from a very obstinate case of dyspepsia," writes R. E. Second Esq., of 15 Elsworth Ave., Toronto, Ontario, "and took a great number of remedies without success. I finally lost faith in them all. I was so far gone that I could not for a long time bear any solid food in my stomach; felt melancholy and depressed. Some four months ago a friend recommended your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' After a week's treatment I had derived so much benefit that I continued the medicine. I have taken three bottles and am convinced it has in my case accomplished a permanent cure. I can conscientiously recommend it to the thousands of dyspeptics throughout the land."

A man can succeed and be strong if he heeds Nature's warnings. When there is indigestion, loss of appetite, ringing in the ears, dizziness, spots before the eyes or palpitation of the heart; any or all of these symptoms point to weakness and loss of nutrition. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the medicine to turn to.

"Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol and is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics. It is strictly a temperance medicine.

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach.

The "Common Sense Medical Adviser," 1008 pages, in paper covers, is sent *free on receipt of* 21 *one-cent stamps*, to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE BIG STORE

Has a new stock of

GLASS and ENAMELWARE.

Also a full line of General Hardware, Stoves and Ranges, Guns and Ammunition, Fruit Jars, Jelly Glasses, Butter Crocks etc. : : : : : : : : :

JOHN C. HAMLIN

McKean County Miner

Smethport, Thursday, Sept. 8, 1904.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

—"Old Farmer Hopkins" Saturday night.

—The Kane schools opened with 994 pupils in attendance.

—Sam Kirk of Bradford, an old offender against the laws of sobriety, is "doing" sixty days in the county jail.

—The ladies of the Eastern Star were guests of the Eldred lodge at an enjoyable picnic held at Riverhurst Tuesday last.

—Geo. W. Shillenn makes announcement of his fall and winter stock in his ad to-day. Anyone interested in fine merchant tailoring will profit by reading it.

—Joseph Christie, who was held to court in the sum of $100 bail on a charge of larceny as bailee, has been removed to the county jail at Smethport to await trial.—Bradford Era.

—The bowling record of this place has again been broken. H. H. Smith is now the champion, having made a run of 292 pins. The former record was held by Charles Evans, whose score was 289.—Coudersport Enterprise.

—Your attention is directed to the big ad of Sig. Sautelle's circus, which will exhibit in all its grandeur at Smethport, Thursday, September 15. Newspapers in towns where the mammoth show has exhibited speak well of the performances given.

—Bert Costa, on charges of assault and battery, surety of the peace and malicious mischief, at the instance of his wife, was held to court in the sum of $500 bail, at a hearing before an alderman on Saturday. In default of the required bonds the defendant was taken to Smethport and lodged in the county jail to await trial.—Bradford Era.

—A Burtville correspondent sends the following correction of our report of the ball game at the Grange picnic at Coryville last week, which we cheerfully publish: "It was the Burtville team that played at the Grange picnic, at Coryville, not the Roulette team as reported. And I further wish to say that the Burtville *team* was not loaded as we had our regular players, all but two, and they could not go under any consideration. Now what would you have done under the circumstances, cancelled the game or secured a couple of players as we did?"

Women Make Poor Detectives.

The manager of a detective agency who had warned women not to apply to his advertisement said the other day:

"Outside of special lines in department store work women do not make good detectives. They look at facts as they want them to be, not as they are, and work on those lines. They jump at conclusions quickly and cling to them beyond all reason. They work for spectacular effect and not for landing the goods.

"A woman detective is sometimes successful in entrapping a man, but there must always be an element of personal passion or revenge in it. If this is the case you are not sure of her.

"With their own sex women sleuths are not good at all. Clever women criminals can always play on their credulity and vanity. Women detectives in fiction, except in the field of high diplomatic circles, are untrue to those we find in real life."—New York Press.

The Elocutionist's Lament.

When I am reciting in a hall which contains a clock that strikes or near to which the trains pass, I know for a certainty that just at the moment when I require breathless silence that clock will strike or a train will come rushing past. I once composed a piece of poetry for recitation in which I was so foolish as to insert the passage: "Hark! What is that?" I might easily have conjectured what would happen during the pause of expectancy. Clocks struck, doors were slammed, engines whistled, old gentlemen coughed, young gentlemen sneezed, dogs came from all directions for the express purpose of barking, lamp shades fell down, waiters dropped their trays, babies screamed, or you heard a deaf old lady say audibly to her neighbor, "Half an onion will do as well." Taught wisdom by all these bitter experiences, I finally decided to erase that passage.—Chronik der Zeit.

A Valuable Scrapbook.

To devote a scrapbook to one subject makes it much more interesting and valuable, and when you begin to gather material on any one theme you will be surprised at the amount which will come to hand. Suppose you want to know all about some famous person, either in the public eye at present or some one of past times. From magazines and other sources can be collected articles, portraits, perhaps poems in relation to the subject, etc. When matter is clipped, the scrapbook maker may copy it neatly with a pen into a book. The educational value of such a book is something worth while, as well as the satisfaction of having gathered oneself so much information on a single subject.

The Wind of Bardsey.

About a mile channel from the rocky promontory of Braleby-Pwll, the extreme westerly point of north Wales, lies the island of Bardsey, the home of a singularly isolated community. The island is the property of Lord Newborough and was a favorite resort of the third baron, grandfather and predecessor in the title of the present peer. At that period the island was even more remote and out of the way than at present. Communication with Pwllheli was infrequent and uncertain. Consequently the Bardsey folk formed an entirely independent community, forced by circumstances to conduct their own affairs without special reference to the laws of the country. Lord Newborough instituted the office of "king." Selecting from the islanders one of superior parts and character, he invested him with the general authority which he himself possessed as landlord, binding the rest to obey his ruling, aside by his decisions in case of dispute and in general respect his authority. Partly in jest, partly to strengthen his viceregent's position, he conferred upon that worthy the title of "king of Bardsey" and bestowed upon him a crown, a treasure and an army. The "crown" was a gorgeous diadem of brass, wondrously embossed and wrought; the "treasure" a silver casket brought from Italy, and the "army" a wooden figure painted to represent a soldier.

Grotesque African Customs.

Tattooing is almost universally practiced by both sexes of the natives of Africa. It is, however, very roughly done and is altogether inferior to the tattooing of the Maoris of New Zealand and other Pacific races. The method of operation is simply to make a slit in the skin and then rub in charcoal. Among the less pleasing feminine ornaments must be reckoned the nose buttons of the Wa Yao and the frightful pelele, or lip ring, of the Anyanja. The nose button is a circular disk of ivory or burnished lead let into one side of the nostril. Ugly as is the effect produced by this, it is yet a thousand times less hideous than the pelele, which consists of a round, flat piece of ivory or wood fixed in a slit in the upper lip. The slit is gradually increased by the insertion of successive plugs, each a little larger than the preceding one, until it can accommodate a full sized pelele, which sticks out an inch or more in front of the face, rendering the appearance of the wearer scarcely human.

The Game of Trinquet.

Popular among the Basque peasantry is an ancient game known as trinquet.

No one knows the origin of trinquet. Like all Basque customs, it can be traced back and back till its history is lost in the remote past. Nearly every court in the country bears the aspect of extreme age. The court at Bayonne is believed to be 400 years old, and the one at St. Jean de Luz looks older than the one at Bayonne. When Louis XIV., who was married in St. Jean de Luz church, went down to the little frontier town to meet his Spanish bride, he found the Basques of St. Jean de Luz energetically playing their ancient game, and he took the idea back with him to Paris, and from it, largely modified, comes the game of tennis.

Tennis and trinquet are very similar, save that instead of a racket a leather arrangement, known as a glove, is used for propelling the ball.—Country Life.

Duty, Then Pleasure.

Mr. Nasmyth, the inventor of the steam hammer, once said: "If I were to try to compress into one sentence the whole of the experience of an active and successful life, and offer it to young men as a rule and certain recipe for success in any station, it would be comprised in this: 'Duty first; pleasure second.' From what I have seen of young men and their after progress I am satisfied that what is generally termed 'bad fortune,' 'ill luck' and 'misfortune' is in nine cases out of ten simply the result of inverting this simple maxim. My own experience convinces me that absence of success arises in the great majority of cases from want of self denial and want of common sense. The worst maxim of all maxims is, 'Pleasure first; work and duty second.'"

How He Viewed It.

There was a carriage accident in a town in Scotland. A brougham containing two ladies was run away with down a steep hill. The noise and clatter of the horses' hoofs on the flags with which the town was paved were terrific. A Scotch farmer who was walking on the footpath turned to watch the carriage disappearing in the distance and said to his companion, "For us who see it, it is indeed a fearsome sight, but for those who are inside it must be a rich spiritual experience!"—London Gentlewoman.

Three Women Writers.

Among ladies distinguished for the beauty of their penmanship—or penwomanship—was Charlotte Bronte, who wrote a very small, very delicate and carefully finished hand. Mrs. Hemans wrote in a free, flowing style. Elizabeth Barrett Browning's manuscript was very neat and carefully punctuated, the writing being distinct and legible, though the letters were not well joined.

Money Saved.

Muggins—So you finally mustered up courage to propose to Miss Springer, eh? What was the result? Muggins—She dismissed me without ceremony. Muggins—Oh, well, don't you care. The absence of ceremony saved you the minister's fee.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

To please one must make up his mind to be taught many things which he already knows by people who do not know them.

Duff's College

Gives a Broad-Winning Education—Educating young men and women to meet the demand of this prosperous commercial age—For circulars address P. DUFF & SONS, 6th St. & Liberty, Pittsburg, Pa.

Between the Rivers of a Dilemma.

He was walking to and fro on the station platform, and his anxiety was so marked that a friend inquired:

"What's the matter, Tibbs? You look as if you had something serious on your mind."

"I have," he replied. "I'm worried; badly worried. I've just found a dollar in my trousers pocket."

"You're the first man I ever saw that worried over finding money. He didn't know he had."

"But you don't understand. I can't make up my mind whether I forgot the dollar or whether my wife slipped it in my pocket to try me. You see she has been accusing me of keeping things from her. Now, if I were to blow this bill in without saying anything to her about it and it should turn out that she had played a trick on me my finish would be worth writing up. On the other hand, if I go to her and confess that I found it she'll simply take the dollar. I haven't been so worried in a month."—New York Press.

The Repulsive Squid.

Having caught a squid, a landlubber at sea thus describes him: "The squid is a small cousin of the octopus. He is about one foot long from the tip of his tail to the tip of his tentacles (extended). Normally he is of a pale tan and rich sienna, with darker spots, but he has the power to become at frightened almost colorless in an instant. In extreme fright he discharges a dirty brown secretion in the manner of his kind and escapes while the enemy is enveloped in the impenetrable smudge. The head is principally arms, with a formidable parrotlike beak in the center, while his eyes are located just back of the arm cluster. The tail is of the shape of a spearhead, with rounded barbs. I did not examine him very closely because of his shakelike tentacles, and, further, because his beak, gnashing on the spear iron, was most unpleasant. We dropped him overboard, and I was glad to see him go."

Wild Dogs of Africa.

Of the wild dog of central Africa an explorer writes: "The wild dog is common enough. He is an ugly looking beast, with a piebald body, coarse hair, short head and large, upright ears. These wild dogs play fearful havoc with game, occasionally clearing out whole districts precisely in the same manner as the red dhole of India, before which even the tiger is said to retreat. They have a wonderful power of scent, wonderful boldness, endurance and pertinacity, and their loose, easy gallop covers the ground far more quickly than it appears to do. They usually hunt in considerable packs, although I have sometimes met them in threes and fours. I have never heard of wild dogs actually attacking man, but they often behave as if on the point of doing so, and unarmed travelers have been literally treed by them before now."

A Monkey Detective.

A monkey brought a criminal to justice at Singapore some time ago. A native with a little boy, a bear and a monkey traveled lately through several villages in the Straits Settlements and made a good sum of money by his animals' tricks. One day he was found with his throat cut, the boy and the bear lying murdered close by, while the monkey had escaped up a tree. The bodies, with the monkey, were being taken to the police station when the monkey suddenly rushed at a man in the crowd, seized his leg and would not let go. The man seemed so alarmed and anxious to get away that the police became suspicious and searched him, with the result of finding part of the money belonging to the murdered native. The balance was discovered at his house.

Fruitful Normandy.

A traveler in France writes: "Normandy is sweet, clean, green and prosperous. Its iris crowned thatches are the most beautiful, its posy gardens the most sedulously nurtured and its farmyards the most enchanting in all France. Its cows are sleek and good milkers, its horses world famous and its blond women—even those seasoned by field labor—always sphinxlike and often fair. It is attractive, sensuously speaking, at every season, and the Normans, with all their droll fears for their pocketbooks, are not bad company in the long run."

Rare Ornithological Curios.

The catalogue of the Museum Tradescantianum, or Tradescant's rarities, published in England in the year 1656, makes mention of many rare ornithological curios owned or left on deposit in that institution. Among the dozens listed three are especially interesting—viz, "two feathers from the tayle of a phoenix," "Easter eggs laid by a marle barnyarde fowle" and "the claw of the bird roc, who, as authors report, is able to trusse an elephant."

Its Advantages.

Scene—Train stopping at small railroad station. Irritable Old Gentleman—What on earth do they stop at a station like this for? Objectionable Passenger (alighting)—To allow me to get out. Irritable Old Gentleman—Ah! I see it has its advantages then.

The Reason.

Little Son—Father, is there a reason for all things? Father—Yes, I suppose so. *Little Son*—Well, then, father, why do hens lay eggs? Father—Because they can't stand them on end.

Give Him a Chance.

The Elderly Lady—They say his wife has money. The Younger—Well, that isn't his fault. They've only been married a short time.

The man who is afraid his employer will not give him credit usually doesn't get much.—Atchison Globe.

NELSON & BEARIKLE

The New Livery and Sales Stable,

Connected with St. Elmo Hotel, Fraley St., Kane, Pa.

First-class accommodations for the care of horses and vehicles.

Satisfactory service guaranteed.

The Book Porch Sanitarium.

Ninety-eight per cent of those who have tuberculosis of the lungs, if they get well at all, will have to do so at home, but not "by the fireside." Even in tenement houses people have made good recoveries, but it has been by lying under a wide open window all day long and all night long, by extra feeding, by rest and by good courage. There are wondrous possibilities on back porches and in sheltered nooks. It isn't the coldness of the air nor yet the sweltering heat of the sun that heals. It is the fresh, pure air in comfort. The patient must not be annoyed by cold or heat, but must be dressed so as to be comfortable. Sleep out of doors, shielded from the storm, and dress indoors where it is warm.—Everybody's Magazine.

The Oriental Thief.

Even in common robbery the orient has picturesque ways peculiar to itself. A Burmese woman traveling in a third class compartment by the day train recently was reclining in the carriage with one of her arms out of the window somewhere near Sitkwin, on the Burma state railway, when some one came along the footboard and cut her arm clean off, apparently with a sharp sword. On the lost hand were rings with the usual accompaniment of bangles.

The Disenchanting Phonograph.

The best story I have heard recently is that told of a well known Oxford don who was asked to speak into a phonograph. A little later the machine was turned on again, and he was requested to listen to his own voice. The don then turned to the assembled company and said: "It is strange that through this machine I am made to speak in a peculiarly pompous and affected manner."—London Tatler.

A Better Place Below.

The occupants of a store recently moved their business a short distance down the same street, hanging up in the window of the premises they had just vacated the following notice: "Have moved to a better place below."—Philadelphia Press.

Wouldn't Interfere.

Little Girl—Papa, it's raining. Papa (whose temper is somewhat ruffled)—Well, let it rain. Little Girl (timidly)—I was going to, papa.

The injuries we do and those we suffer are seldom weighed in the same balance.—Simmons.

DENTISTRY.

Modern, scientific and up-to-date.

Painless extraction of teeth. Over 25 years' experience.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

DR. F. C. PIERCE,
Smethport, Pa.

ACME MILL,

GREEN BROS., Props.

MY STOCK IS FRESH AND CONSISTS OF

Flour, Feed, Meal, Wheat, Corn Oats, Hay, Straw, Bran, Middlings, Hominy, Linseed Meal, Etc.

Goods Sold for Cash only and Delivered Promptly.

Water & Hill Sts. Smethport.

BARGAINS.

Black Cat Stockings for Boys and Girls are good values at 15 and 25c per pair.

Malta Vita at 10c a package is a bargain.

F. S. Flour contains 49 lbs. of satisfaction, together with the finest produced. Try it.

Chase & Sanborn's coffee from 13c lb. to 35c are standard values.

Can corn is high and scarce We have some best brands of York State pack at 12½ can.

J. COLEGROVE,
SMETHORT, PA.
Next to Bank.

SPRING SHOES.

Spring is surely coming—don't be discouraged.

You will find new

FOOTWEAR

and we have the most complete line ever brought to Smethport for Women, Men and Children.

All Styles. All Sizes.

Anderson & Carlson,
Smethport, Pa.
Repairing a Specialty.

E. W. JONES,

(Successor to F. H. Nourse.

LIVERY & FEED STABLE
Bennett House Barn

First Class Rigs at Reasonable Prices.

Directly Opposite Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Subscribe for the MINER.

Pure Drugs and Medicines

Can always be found at our store.

Also a full line of

NOVELTIES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, ETC.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Left in our care will be promptly and carefully filled.

Wells Pharmacy.

STOP! READ! and REFLECT

And then go to

BROWNELL BROTHERS

Where you will find a carefully and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS. BOOTS and SHOES.

AND A CHOICE LINE OF THE

FINEST GROCERIES

TO BE FOUND IN TOWN AT

ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

FURNITURE

You make no mistake in buying here. The stock is complete, and prices low.

CARPETS

An elegant assortment just received. Now is the time to secure best values. Remember our stock of wall paper contains all the latest patterns.

Main Street, Smethport. **Specht & Sasse.**

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS:—$1.25 per year, or if paid strictly in advance, $1.00 per year.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display advertisements published at the rate of $100 per column per annum, payable monthly. Our own position and no deviation from this rule. Extra charge for single insertion.

Reading notices, five cents per line for each insertion.

Legal advertisements, five cents per line for each insertion.

Cards, not exceeding one inch, $5.00 per annum.

Birth, marriage and death notices inserted free.

Executors' and administrators' notices, $1.00 each.

Address all communications to

HARRY L. BACKUS,
Editor and Prop'r.

Smethport, Thursday, Sept. 8, 1904.

SOME of the Democrats are trying to beat the Republican full dinner bucket with the full mud bucket.

PARKER, it is reported, has "a red-headed temperament." Can the people trust such a man to be safe and sane?

CHAIRMAN HALE of the Democratic State committee has admitted that Parker will not get any of the electoral votes in this State. Great admission that.

FOURTEEN lives were lost and nearly twenty were injured in a fire in a five story double tenement house in New York City early Sunday morning. The dead include four women, one man and nine children. Several of the injured will die.

SENATOR ALEXANDER E. PATTON of Curwensville, Pa., is dead. He was a prominent figure in Clearfield county's affairs and a man widely known throughout the State. Saturday evening he was apparently in his usual health. He was the guest of a neighbor, accompanied by his wife. A sudden attack of heart disease caused him to become alarmingly ill and despite the efforts of physicians death resulted Monday morning at 1 o'clock.

IN Beaver county the Democratic convention came very near repudiating the party's national candidates. This sort of thing will hardly strike Colonel Guffey with much favor. He holds himself entirely responsible for the nomination of Judge Parker, being confident that if he had not led the Pennsylvania delegation over at the critical moment it never could have been made. And in the face of this Beaver county Democrats are treasonable enough to kick!—Philadelphia Press.

PITTSBURG'S "Blue Law" Sunday observance crusade has practically collapsed. The association responsible for it is just now engaged in defending one of its spies who is charged with killing a man in a recent riot. Meanwhile the Western Pennsylvania Druggists' association has inaugurated a movement intended to bring about the passage of an act in the next State Legislature for the repeal of the obnoxious law which makes it a misdemeanor to sell a pint of milk, a dish of ice cream, a cigar, or a glass of soda water on Sunday.—Era.

THE New York Post, a Democratic newspaper, in discussing the negro question as it relates to President Roosevelt says: "This is distinctly unjust to the President. At no time has he ever dreamed of 'reopening' the question. The South itself reopened it by its hysterical outburst over the Booker Washington incident—just as if the President of the United States did not have the right and the privilege of entertaining any American citizen of distinction, whatever the color of his skin. As for Mr. Roosevelt's negro appointments to office, they have been fewer and better than those of McKinley or Cleveland. He would have been recreant indeed had he denied office to worthy American citizens merely because of their color. When the historian of the future writes of Mr. Roosevelt's administration he will find nothing to record more creditable than his stand on this issue—even though President and party seems, at this writing, willing to abandon the negro in the hope of again capturing Maryland and West Virginia. The simple truth is that there is no issue so full of dynamite for the Democrats as this one of the negro and his rights." The Post states the case very boldly. That a political party which demands Jeffersonian equality for everybody, should array itself against the negro because the South demands everything in that line, is, to say the least, very inconsistent. It is also un-American.

Washington Letter.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3, 1904.

Your correspondent procured a few days since, at the Insular Bureau in this city, a copy of the new internal revenue laws which the Philippine Commission has adopted for the purpose of securing a revenue for the government of the islands under their care. But a few of the pamphlets have been received in the United States, and there has been quite a demand for them. The tax falls principally upon alcoholic liquors, tobacco in its various forms, upon saloons and dance halls, circuses and places of amusement, requiring a license the same as in the United States. The usual pains and penalties are provided for false returns and for derelictions on the part of the officers of the internal revenue. The anti-imperialists seem disposed to find fault with the fact that there is to be any internal tax at all; or that the Filipinos should be obliged to contribute towards the support of any form of government. The President of the Union Pacific Railroad, who has just arrived in this city from Manila, says that in his opinion what the people need out there is good highways, instead of railroads. They should run to all parts of the country thus enabling farmers to get their produce to the market. He took a run over to Japan and noticed that that country is plentifully furnished with good roads and that most of the supplies for the army were carried to the sea board along these routes in preference to using railroads. The Philippine commission, which has been touring in America for a long time and is about to depart, speaks of the United States as the "mother country," which is a little curious, and expresses its gratitude for the hospitality received. It also gives the President "the homage of their most respectful consideration." The indications are that the Philippine question will cut but a small figure in the pending campaign.

An appeal has reached the Department of Commerce and Labor in this city from a number of Southern Members of Congress asking it to secure labor for picking the cotton crop. The cry for help comes from Mississippi and Texas. In the latter State the cotton crop is good and the bolls are bursting earlier than usual on account of the hot weather. The wicked boll weevil has ceased to be a terror. So great is the pressure for labor that cooks, clerks, clergy, draymen, druggists and delivery boys have been induced to work in the fields. Secretary Metcalf has given notice to those interested that within six months there will land in this country 150,000 Italians, and that 30,000 of them will arrive at Southern ports by the first of October, just in the nick of time to obtain plenty of work at high wages. There are those who think this may be the beginning of the solution of the race problem.

Many people in Washington see indications of an early fall because the nights are cool, the leaves are turning yellow and falling and the song of the cicada is heard through the day. Those who are weather wise announce that the air is cool because it doesn't stay long enough in one place to get heated. The leaves are falling because there has been an invasion of the white inssock moth. The government entomologists, of which a squad remain in the city, say the only remedy for the moth is to sponge the trees with creosote oil. They think each citizen should sponge the trees on his premises, since the job is too big for the overworked entomologists and the very busy district commissioners. Begin at the top of the tree and carefully sponge each limb, and finally the trunk. As there are more than 80,000 shade trees in Washington it will be worth a trip to the capital to see the sights when all the population, on the top of tall ladders, begins the sponging process. Of course there will be a corner in sponges and creosote oil as well as in splints and crutches. But what is a government scientist good for if he cannot point out a remedy?

Representative Bartholdt of Missouri, who has been the successful promoter of the Inter-Parliamentary Union in the interests of peace, which is soon to meet in this country, and who induced Congress to appropriate $50,000 for the entertainment of the guests from abroad, is in town. He says he has hardly been able to sleep for the past three months worrying over the problem how to keep down expenses. Some 225 members of the union, distinguished men, will come from Europe, and there will be 60 ladies in the party. It is proposed to give the whole company a naval escort up the Hudson to West Point, just to let the delegates see that in times of peace we are preparing for war. Mr. Bartholdt will be assisted by ten Congressmen in entertaining the guests, and he feels much relieved now that Andrew Carnegie has asked to be notified if the Congressional appropriation does not cover the expenses. It isn't every country that has an Andrew Carnegie, nor every age, perhaps not every world.

The venerable but hearty and handsome Senator Stewart of Nevada, who announces that he will retire from politics at the end of the 58th Congress, has an office in the Bond building in this city where he keeps in touch with all political and commercial interests in the silver states as well as in California. He says that his information is that Nevada will go Republican in November. The people of that State have seen a great light—they now recognize that irrigation will do more for them than silver mines, and they thank President Roosevelt for making practical the possibility of irrigation. If the State should go Republican it will be a sad joke for Hon. Clarence D. Van Duzer, its only Democratic representative and a pronounced Socialist. He has recently been in Vermont trying to induce the cheese and maple sugar makers to vote for Judge Parker. It may be he will have to mend his own fences in Nevada.

It is announced that Dr. Wiley, of pure food fame, of the much talked of borax feeding experiments, of cold storage investigation, etc., will soon go to Italy for a vacation. He thinks it will be perfectly safe to do so. Word comes from Rome that malaria has disappeared from that city with the extermination of the mosquito. And it is also now admitted that one may sleep in Rome with an open window. Dr. Wiley says night air is really the best as there is less movement of organic matter than in the day time. He is curious to know how the Romans exterminated the mosquito.

Special Low Rates to St. Louis.

Permitting stop off at Chicago without additional cost. For full particulars see local agents or write R. E. Payne, General Agent, 291 Main St. Buffalo, N. Y. Or C. C. Lowry, T. P. A. Holland, N. Y. For tickets to Chicago and all points west, call on A. L. Colegrove, Smethport.

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A HANDSOME

Cut Glass Pitcher

Just as an acknowledgment of all the trading you had done with him—*wouldn't you like it?*

Well, The C. R. Maltby Company will, through your Grocer, give you not only this beautiful cut-glass pitcher, but 300 other articles for your home, equally as handsome and useful.

HOW? In exchange for the signatures which appear on every package of Tea, Coffee, Flour, Spice, Fruit, etc., put up by them. Ask your Grocer for

Signature BRAND Groceries

Save the signatures. Write us for illustrated premium catalogue, and take your choice of these beautiful presents. Our groceries and premiums are the very best which money can buy, and our word is as good as our bond.

C. R. MALTBY COMPANY, - - - Corning, N. Y.

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It Will Cost Only One Cent.

to buy a postal card and send to the New York Tribune Farmer, New York City, for a free specimen copy.

The New York Tribune Farmer is a National Illustrated Agricultural Weekly for farmers and their families and every issue contains matter instructive and entertaining to every member of the family. The price is $1 per year, but if you like it you can secure it with your own favorite local newspaper. THE MINER, Smethport, at a bargain. Both papers one year only $1.25.

Send your order and money to

THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER, Smethport.

TO EVERYBODY

Whenever you visit Bradford it is our wish that you come and see us, whether you have cause or not.

Most homes have a man or a boy about and as long as we are in the men's and boys' outfitting business we claim the right to extend an invitation to you to call on us.

New things for spring are opening daily, and now that you know our wishes come.

IKE SIMONS

46-48 Main St. BRADFORD. The Big Double Clothing Store

Brasted's ICE CREAM and Soda with Crushed Fruits

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BUSINESS AND SHORTHAND COURSES.

Young people fitted and placed in Business Positions. More positions to fill than candidates to recommend. New Book of Catalogue ready. ROCHESTER, N. Y.

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We make a specialty of railroad watches. He uses a special movement containing 21 jewels, one that runs with wonderful accuracy and is built to stand the wear and tear, smash and slam of the railroad business.

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When in need of anything in

Fruit and Green Goods.

I always have on hand a complete line of Periodicals, Magazines, Cigars, Tobacco, Confectionery, etc.

Give me a call.

Ellwood Gaskin,

Smethport, Pa.

BIG BARGAINS

IN MEN'S BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

It is time for me to get ready for and make room for new Fall Stock. Business has been big so I can therefore make some big reductions in all the three Depts. above named. If you don't call in and look around you are surely out of town.

H. W. RUBIN, SMETHPORT, PENNA.

The Old Reliable Clothier, Furnisher and Merchant Tailor.

PURPLE TRADING STAMPS PURPLE TRADING STAMPS

Clearance Sale

Of all Wash Goods, such as Lawns, Dimities, Organdies and other thin goods

ALL GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT COST

Purple Stamps will be given with each cash purchase.

Also what Shirt Waists are left will be sold at cost.

Ask to see the remnant baskets as you will find exceptionally good values.

D. C. YOUNG

SMETHPORT, PA.

July 19, 1904.

PLACE YOUR ORDER FOR

Fall and Winter Clothing

with me. Have an up-to-date and complete line to select from and if you are thinking of getting a

SUIT, OVERCOAT OR TROUSERS

made to order it will pay you to call and inspect my line before going elsewhere. Clothes cleaned and pressed promptly. A trial will convince you.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

G. W. Shillenn,

The Leading Tailor

Chadwick Block. Smethport.

McCoy's Drug Store.

We carry a full line of

BUTTERICK PATTERNS
EASTMAN KODAKS and SUPPLIES
PARKER FOUNTAIN PEN
TUXEDO STATIONARY

and are headquarters for

PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES,
BOOKS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

McCoy's Drug Store.

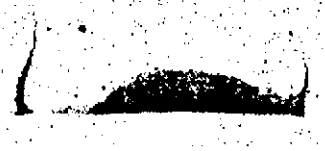
It is not Extravagance

If you come to us for your Summer Furniture. It is true that we have the best but it does not cost as much here as much here as the ordinary kind elsewhere.

Be cool and comfortable during the hot summer months. You can do it just as well as not; all it requires is some of our easy Porch Furniture.

"See Sloan First."

16 Main Street, BRADFORD, PA



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PROPERLY SHRUNKEN. FULLY GUARANTEED.

10-4 Medina Woolen Blankets	$3.50 pair
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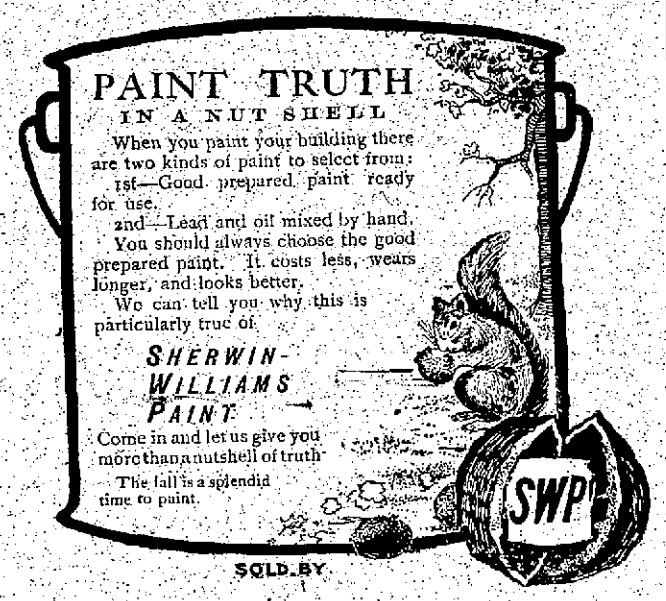
If you buy Muncy Woolen Blankets you buy the best, and we're selling them at prices of the cheaper makes.

See East Window Display.

THE LINDHOLM COMPANY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IN A NUT SHELL
When you paint your building there are two kinds of paint to select from:
1st—Good prepared paint ready for use.
2nd—Lead and oil mixed by hand.
You should always choose the good prepared paint. It costs less, wears longer, and looks better.
We can tell you why this is particularly true of
SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT
Come in and let us give you more than a nutshell of truth
The fall is a splendid time to paint.
SWP

SOLD BY

REDFIELD'S HARDWARE

McKean County Miner

Entered at the postoffice at Smethport, as second-class mail matter.

Smethport, Thursday, Sept. 8, 1904.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

—Circus next Thursday.

—Holmes & Gilfillan have a change of ad in this issue.

—Emporium young men have organized a football team.

—Labor Day was fittingly celebrated at Olean on Monday.

—New fall hats are advertised by Mrs. Hinman this week.

—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ray E. Button on Friday, Sept. 2, a nine-pound boy.

—Don't forget the next league ball game, Eldred vs. Smethport next Tuesday.

—C. D. Comes has a force of men at work grading and improving the grounds around his beautiful new home on West King street.

—Flannels, of various kinds, is the subject of Fry & Comes' ad to-day. The goods are seasonable and of particular interest to the ladies.

—Labor day was quite generally observed in Smethport. A number of business places were closed all day, and others closed at noon.

—The "new gymnasium" for Edinboro Normal will be ready for occupancy Nov. 1, 1904. Descriptive catalog free. John F. Bigler, Principal.

—According to the Reporter, Sam St. Clair of Port Allegany recently scored 299 in a game of ten pins—within one pin of the highest possible score.

—Guiseppe Versacia, the second of the West Almond murderers of Mr. Van Gorder and Miss Farnham, was electrocuted at Auburn prison on Monday.

—The ladies' aid society of the M. E. church will serve a supper in Epworth chapel Thursday, Sept. 15, beginning at 5:30 in the afternoon. All are invited.

—"Old Farmer Hopkin's," a clean cut, well written rural play, beautifully staged and well acted, created a fine impression last night.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

—Communion service and reception of members at the Methodist church next Sunday morning. Lovefeast at 10 a. m. "Unconsciousness in Character," is the topic for the evening.

—W. J. Kerr, the jeweler, has a new advertisement in this issue which will interest our readers. Mr. Kerr has a first class line of jewelry in which are included the latest novelties.

—It is understood that Fish and Game Warden Timmerman will devote his time for the balance of the month looking up those who are violating the game laws and numerous arrests may follow.

—Everything new this season in Uncle Hez. At the Lyceum, Sept. 16.

—Miss Ella Nixon entertained a party of about twenty of her young friends Tuesday evening. It was a happy affair and the young ladies had the best kind of a time.

—The Big Store is on deck this week with a new ad telling of new stock received. J. C. Hamlin's stock of reliable hardware is always complete. Don't fail to read the ad.

—It is reported that a large black bear was recently seen in the woods in the vicinity of Ormsby by a number of berry pickers, who were considerably frightened thereby.

—Miss Carrie Servations of Bradford has opened an office in Room 9 in the Odd Fellows building, where she will do shampooing, massage of the scalp and manicuring.—Kane Republican.

—Warner's Business College began Aug. 29, with a good attendande. Students can get a special rate of $7.50 from Smethport on railroad and be at home nights. You can enter at any time.

—Bradford has furnished a large number of boarders for Sheriff Mays during the past week. John J. Murray, who was arrested last week in that city for surety of the peace is one of the new arrivals.

—The business section of Ramey, a small mining town near Clearfield, was wiped out by fire on Monday. The loss is estimated at $50,000. Several had narrow escapes but none was killed or seriously injured.

—A meeting of St. Luke's Guild will be held at the parish house on Thursday at 2:30 p. m. All are members of the Guild who wish to help in its social work, and are asked to be present on Thursday afternoon.

—Miss Ethel Tull and Miss Frances McClure gave a very pleasant dancing party at the hose house last Friday evening. Excellent refreshments were served, and the dining hall was most beautifully decorated.

—"Old Farmer Hopkins," proved an interesting rural play and suited the large audience exactly, for every point was cheered to the echo.—St. Louis Globe Democrat. At the Lyceum next Saturday night, Sept. 10.

—Last Saturday some little excitement was created on the street by the report that had just been committed at Coryville, but later developments proved that the alleged murder was only a common fight in which one man got a couple of teeth knocked out.

—At the annual reunion of the famous Bucktail Regiment held at Lock Haven last week, Sheldon Jewett of Custer City was elected vice president of the association. Mr. Jewett has many friends in Smethport and throughout this county who will be pleased to learn that he was so honored by his old comrades.

—At St. Luke's church on next Sunday the services will be at 8 and 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sermon on "Possessions Added and Subtracted" (St. Mark 4:25). There will be a selection of anthems at the evening service.

—Five people were killed and a like number injured by the premature explosion of nitro-glycerine near Upper Sandusky, Ohio, on Sunday. Among those killed was Lafe McKay, the shooter, who was a former resident of Bradford.

—Some football enthusiasm is being aroused and steps will soon be taken to organize a team and arrange for games. Candidates for the team are asked to practice all they possibly can thus helping matters when the regular line-up is formed.

—The attraction at the Lyceum next Saturday evening is Frank S. Davidson, an old-time Smethport favorite, in his sterling comedy-drama, "Old Farmer Hopkins." The attraction is receiving flattering press notices in many towns where it has exhibited.

—There is a persistent rumor that the Vanderbilts intend buying the E., R. & P. R. R., and there is considerable reason for this rumor. A rumor is also afloat that if this deal is made this road will be merged with the Buffalo & Susquehanna road, but the latter is not generally credited.

—The turning point of most lives occurs during the school age, and sometimes the balance is so delicately poised that a few words from a wise and devoted teacher will turn the scale in favor of righteousness and save from moral shipwreck a life which shall be devoted to beneficent service for mankind.

—It is with regret we announce that Miss Lucile Hinman will not fill the position of assistant principal in the Austin schools this year, she having accepted a position in the Smethport schools. Miss Hinman is an able teacher and the school which secures her services is indeed fortunate. The best wishes of her many Austin friends accompany her to her new location.—Austin Republican.

The Irene Jeavons Company.

The Irene Jeavons Company arrived in town Monday and pitched its tent on the lot opposite the court house.

Tuesday evening the company opened with "Down on a Farm," a rural drama and rendered it in a very pleasing manner. The company is a good one and their specialties on the opening night were the best that have been produced in Smethport for a long time.

Last night "The Village Vagabond" was well played. The specialties and moving pictures were good. To-night the company presents "East Lynne." Saturday night is amateur night and a prize of $5 will be awarded to the best Smethport amateur performer.

After Twenty Years.

The story is told of an old bachelor who bought a pair of sox and found attached to one a paper with these words: "I am a young lady of twenty and would like to correspond with a bachelor with a view of matrimony." The name and address were given. The bachelor wrote and in a few days got this reply: "Mamma was married twenty years ago. Evidently the merchant whom you bought those sox of did not advertise or he would have sold them long ago. My mother handed me the letter and said possibly I my suit. I am eighteen.

For Sale Cheap.

Our bargain counter: 1 lever spring tooth harrow; 1 McCormick hay rake; 1 buckboard solid bottom; 1 piano body top buggy; 1 nearly new canopy top surrey; 2 second hand top buggies. Must have the room these occupy.

A. T. PALMER.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 7, 1904.

See us for coal, wood and gas ranges.
Holmes & Gilfillan.

Personal Mention.

James McKean visited Bradford yesterday.

Mrs. Kate Taylor departed for Buffalo Tuesday.

Mrs. James McKean visited friends in Newton yesterday.

John Todd departed Monday on a business trip to eastern cities.

Lawrence Hopper was a guest of Hornellsville friends last week.

Leo McNally of Rochester, N. Y., is a guest of T. H. Partle and family.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Buckus returned Saturday last from a visit in Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Daly visited friends in Erie and Sagortown this week.

Chas. H. Brown of Bradford was greeting his many friends in town yesterday.

Miss Marie Keesler left on Saturday for Lock Haven to resume her studies at the Normal School.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cummings of Buffalo are visiting John Forrest and family this week.

Ward Ramer came over from Kane Saturday night and was a guest of his parents a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Burdick of Pittsburg were guests of C. A. Burdick and family for the past week.

Mrs. Emmin J. Gillis of Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, is visiting he neice, Mrs. W. F. Specht, and other relatives in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Herzog and daughter, Harriett, returned Tuesday from an extended visit with relatives in Warren.

Mrs. Etta McKnight of Port Allegany and sister, Miss Katherine O'Brion of Warren visited friends in town the latter part of last week.

Lydia Granteer, F. E. Ramer, Geneva Manwaring and Eva Hoffman of Smethport and vicinity are attending Westbrook's Academy, Olean.

Mrs. A. Sullivan and daughters, Anna and Elizabeth and T. G. Davis of Alfred, N. Y., have been guests of Mrs. A. E. Hinman and family for the past few days.

B. D. Tome of Corydon and J. Ullman of Morrisons attended court this week and made the MINER office a pleasant call on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Wells and daughter, Miss Olive, who have been visiting C. A. Burdick and family, returned to their home in Harrisburg on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Cologrove and daughter, Elanorah, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Partle and daughter, Marie, and Mrs. A. L. Colegrove visited Rock City Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. V. N. Estry and children, Miss Ruth and Rodger, who have been guests of their son, Ollie Estry, for a few days, returned to their home in Celina, Ohio, on Monday.

I have money to loan on real estate no matter where located, at 4½ and 5 per cent. interest. There is no reason for paying a larger interest than this. If you have real estate that will warrant a loan, write to me about it. All correspondence strictly confidential.

F. Armington Peavey,
Mortgage Broker,
1090 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Girls Wanted.

Two girls for general housework. Good wages and nice home. For particulars apply to or address Mrs. Wm. McKeown, Mt. Alton, Pa.

I have a large stock of trunks, suit cases and traveling bags at my usual low prices. Call and see them.

CHAS. LEMMLER.

LOST—A string of beads between Hogarth's drug store and King street. Please return to this office.

Paint now and paint Devoe.
Holmes & Gilfillan.

DIAMONDS AND WATCHES

DIAMONDS

We are offering great bargains at the present time. Your money is well spent when you invest it in Diamonds.

WATCHES

WATCH REPAIRING
DIAMOND SETTING
AND ENGRAVING

7 MAIN ST. PRILL BRADFORD, PA.

NEW FALL HATS.

We now have on sale a large and beautiful assortment of new fall hats. All the latest styles and shapes.

Look at our new line of ladies' neckwear at 10, 20 and 50c. Also Belts, Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear, etc.

JUST RECEIVED.

An elegant stock of infants' ready-made clothing.

MRS. A. E. HINMAN

MONARCH SHIRTS $1.00 & $1.50 — BELL 'PHONE — BANNER PATTERNS 10c & 15c

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, MEN'S FURNISHINGS!

FRY & COMES

Successors to Fry & Herzog.

Outing Flannels

6000 yards

We are making a window display this week of a big lot of the new Outing Flannels.

These goods represent an especially advantageous purrhase and to secure for yourself the best valves and most satisiying assortment of patterns you should lay in a fall supply now.

With forty different designs to choose from you'll scarcely have a want that we have not anticipated.

27 inches wide at per yard 10c

German Flannels

A fleecy flannel in beautiful patterns suitable for Smoking Jackets, Bath Robes and House Sacques, etc.

At per yd 25c

FRY & COMES.

HOLMES & GILFILLAN

THE GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE

DOUBLE STORE IN HAMILTON BLOCK

MADE IN THE CHI-NAMEL COLORS
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
THE CORRECT FINISH FOR FLOORS AND ALL INTERIOR FINISHING
THE OHIO VARNISH CO.
CLEVELAND, OHIO

The Old Reliable and Popular Favorite Circus.

SIG. SAUTELLE'S

NINE CONSOLIDATED

RAILROAD SHOWS

WILL EXHIBIT IN

SMETHPORT

RAIN OR SHINE

AFTERNOON AND NIGHT THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1904.

2 Circuses Museums | 2 Menageries Hippodromes | 1 Historic Wild West

MOST COMPLETE MENAGERIE UNDER CANVAS

Herd of Elephants, drove of Camels, Baby Elephant, largest Elephant in Captivity, litter of Lion Cubs, Baby Kangaroo, Lions, Tigers, Zebras, etc. Radiant in New Dress, the Santelle Circus is now Larger, Grander and Better than ever before. 2 Huge Circus Rings, 2 Elevated Olympian Stages, Mammoth Double Hippodrome and Race Course, Big Double Zoological Display, Stupendous Museum of Human Freaks.

A Grand Series Chariot and Hurdle Races,

Big Free Street Parade At 10 a. m. Daily.

A Monstrous Melange of Majestic Moving Marvels.

Admission, 50 cts. Children under 12 years, 25 cts.

CHEAP RAILROAD EXCURSIONS.

PHILIPPINES AT WORLD'S FAIR

Complete Exhibition of Island People and Industries Covers Forty-seven Acres and Is Independent of Larger Show.

Not even in the heart of Manila city could there be found forty-seven acres of Philippine territory as interesting as that amount of space covered by the islands' display at the World's Fair. Here is an exposition within an exposition, a little wheel that revolves independently of the larger one encompassing it.

Scores of buildings are filled with exhibits, native life is depicted by as many different villages as there are tribes on the islands, military drills are given by Philippine troops, and concerts are rendered by native bands. For its amusement features the Philippine exposition has the humorous Igorrote, who dines on dog meat, and visitors are entertained by Visayan actors and actresses. Nothing is lacking to make the show complete.

SOUTH ENTRANCE PALACE OF LIBERAL ARTS, WORLD'S FAIR.

The Administration building is a replica of the government offices in Manila, while the Art and Education building reproduces in miniature the cathedral within the walled city, even the mellowed tints of age being faithfully rendered. A section of the ancient but still serviceable town wall has been reconstructed to serve the double purpose of a gateway to the show and a museum of arms and war relics. The other main edifices are types of Filipino homes, being built of undressed timber, bamboo and rattan, with thatched roofs and broad verandas.

Then there are the tribal villages nestling under the trees, some of the houses perched high up among the boughs, others on piles above the waters of the Arrowhead lake, all of them actual dwellings fashioned of native materials by native workmanship and illustrating the manners, customs and pursuits of their occupants. Here are women weaving a coarse cloth on a rude hand loom, others making baskets, others tending irrigated fields of rice. One group of men are in village council, trying an offender according to their tribal laws; others are slowly moving in a circular dance to the thump of tomtoms and the clang of brass gongs; others, again, are smelting iron by the aid of a primitive but most ingenious bellows, the constituent parts of which are a bamboo tube and an air-tight mop of feathers working therein like the piston of a syringe. And these are but a few of an almost endless variety of life pictures.

The ethnological problem is a somewhat complicated one; but, although there are no fewer than sixteen races represented among the village dwellers, the scouts and the constabulary, each race speaking its own dialect and following its own customs, all may be roughly classified into four groups—the true aboriginals or non-Malays, the pagan Malays, the Christian Malays and the Mohammedan Malays.

The first are the dwarf Negritos, with dark skins and woolly heads, wearers of scanty raiment, proficient in the use of the bow and poisoned arrow, a race of nomads and forest dwellers, pagans pure and simple. They live in their own stockaded village.

Next to them are the Igorrotes, whose origin is traced back to the first wave of Malay invasion. Here, again, we have scanty clothing, amounting almost to nudity, but copper colored skins, long wavy tresses, pleasant featured faces and fine physiques, even though the stature be small. Among these pagan Malays are the head hunters and the dog eaters. They are savages, yet have their code of laws and a knowledge of several primitive industries.

The Christian Malays, produced by the second wave of invasion, are represented by the Visayans, a tall and handsome race, dressing well, living in pretty homes, skilled in weaving, dyeing, basket making, hat making, wood carving and other handicrafts, musicians of no mean merit, the one group of natives who came early and thoroughly under the influence of the early Spanish settlers.

Very different are the Moros, who swept into the islands from the Malay peninsula last of all, bringing with them their Mohammedan religion, also a knowledge of gunpowder acquired with the Koran from the Arabs—fanatics like their teachers, pirates, bloodthirsty, treacherous and vindictive followers ever at war among themselves and with the whole outside world. Despite their ferocity they are a clever race, dress handsomely, have their sultans and their slaves and are expert seamen, while long continued pillage on the high seas has surrounded them with many of the luxuries and conveniences of western civilization.

The buildings of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries show all the varied natural products, also the extremely primitive processes as yet in vogue, while in the Women's building we are introduced to a number of native manufactures, including the beautiful fabrics from the jusi, bananas and pineapple fibers. This information is collated in the Building of Commerce, where a unique and most effective method of exhibiting is followed. In one hall are samples of all the articles produced for export, among which manila fiber, of course, holds the chief place of prominence, while in a second hall are all the manufactures from every country that are imported and find a ready market among the populace. Thus the business man gets a dual lesson. He sees what he can profitably take from the islands, and also what he may profitably send to them. When it is added that a large number of representative Filipinos have been brought over to visit the Exposition and study American business methods and manufactures, it will be recognized that great benefit both to the islands and to the world at large must result from this work of mutual enlightenment.

CONCERTS BY MASSED BANDS

Prizes Aggregating $30,000 to Be Distributed at the World's Fair.

Never were musical events in America planned upon such an elaborate scale as those of the World's Fair. A series of concerts will be given by competing bands in contest for prizes offered by the World's Fair. These contests will take place in Festival Hall, Sept. 12 to 17.

Nine cash prizes, aggregating $30,000, are offered for the successful bands. The prizes are divided so as to give to the organization scoring the highest number of points $3,250; $2,500 will be given to the band scoring the second highest number of points and $1,500 to the one getting the third highest number.

The above division is made for bands in Class A, which consist of twenty members. In the B class $10,000 will be given in prizes—first, $4,500; second, $3,500; third, $2,000.

Class C, which includes bands of thirty-five members, will enjoy the division of $12,750. For the organization scoring the highest number of points a prize of $6,000 has been named. The second prize is $4,000 and the third $2,700.

Bands employed by the Exposition are not permitted to contest. All players must be bona fide members, and each musician must have been enrolled at least three months prior to the date of the contest. Each band must send to the bureau the name of its members and a nominal entrance fee.

Festival Hall concerts by massed bands will be given at 7:30 each day during the contest, in which all contesting bands will take part under the direction of a distinguished conductor. All bands entering must agree to play one concert in addition to the competing concert and massed concerts.

A separate programme has been prepared by the Bureau of Music for each class, and each band will play through the full programme of its class. The numbers in all three programmes are by eminent composers and are chosen with the view of bringing out the qualities of the bands performing them. The list of composers includes Wagner, Gounod, Offenbach, Verdi, Saint-Saens, Bizet, Strauss and Leoncavallo.

WEATHER AT WORLD'S FAIR.

Cool Nights and Delightful Indian Summer to Be Expected at St. Louis.

Usually the warmest month of the year, July proved to be one of the most pleasant of the World's Fair season, the average temperature being 67 degrees, a record lower than that made by either Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Cincinnati or Chicago. The weather bureau records show that the temperatures in St. Louis during July were just between the extremes recorded at New Orleans and St. Paul, cities located at great variance.

August in St. Louis is a month of cool nights, and September and October are the most delightful months of the year. It is that period known as Indian summer, when the foliage and birds linger to challenge the coming winter. Nowhere on the American continent is there a spot more delightful than the World's Fair city, a garden of blooming flowers and spraying fountains.

St. Louis, like all cities, experienced several hot days during July, but her highest temperature recorded was 93 degrees against 94 degrees registered by the thermometer at Chicago. On the same day the mercury rose to 96 degrees in Philadelphia, and scores of heat prostrations were reported from New York and Boston.

The relative humidity shows St. Louis to be about normal. Assuming absolutely no moisture in the atmosphere to be zero and absolute wetness to be 100, the relative humidities for July, taken from the records of more than twenty years, Boston shows 70.6, New York 72.2, Philadelphia 68.6, Cincinnati 64.6, Chicago 66.9 and St. Louis 66.3. The same degree of heat in two places, with different degrees of humidity, would cause it to seem the hotter at the point of greater density.

St. Louis may therefore rightly claim to be a summer resort this summer, positively one of the most comfortable and delightful places on the map.

SOME FOOLISH PEOPLE

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say: "Oh it will wear away," but in most cases it will wear them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 25c and 50c. Trial size free. At all druggists.

LOST IN THE WOODS.

In Such a Case Fear Is One's Most Dangerous Enemy.

Every woodman—yes, every Indian—gets lost at some time—that is, loses his bearings and has difficulty in getting to camp. As a matter of fact, the wild birds and beasts will sometimes get lost, although they are wonderfully equipped for finding their way home.

The worst thing a person lost in the woods can do is to get frightened. The truly dangerous enemy is not the cold or the hunger so much as the fear. It is fear that robs the wanderer of his judgment and of his limb power; it is fear that turns the passing experience into a final tragedy. Only keep cool, and all will be well.

A man of little experience usually sets out at a run when he is lost. He wishes to travel twice as fast as usual, and of course that merely wears him out and sends him farther astray. If he sits down calmly he will not only spare himself, but will help his friends to find him, and this he can do by shouting at intervals and, above all, by getting on as high and open a place as possible and there making two smoke fires, the recognized signal, "I am lost."—Ernest Thompson Seton in Country Life In America.

ECLIPSE FORECASTS.

The First One Was Made by Thales for the Egyptians.

The eclipse of May 28, 585 B. C. (total in the east of Asia Minor), is the first that can be fixed with certainty. The prediction of it by Thales to the Ionians brought him lasting fame and excited among the Hellenes the love of science. Its occurrence during a great battle ended a five years' war between the Medes and the Lydians and led to a permanent peace.

The Chinese boast of a series of eclipses recorded in their annals extending over 3,858 years. But these are of very doubtful character. The Egyptians said they had accurately observed 373 eclipses of the sun and 852 of the moon before the time of Alexander the Great, who died 323 B. C.

An eclipse observed at Nineveh, June 15, 763 B. C., is recorded on an Assyrian tablet now in the British museum. A lunar eclipse, occurring at 8:40 p. m., March 19, 721 B. C., was observed, according to Ptolemy, with much accuracy at Babylon. Each central eclipse visible in our time is one of an unbroken series, extending from the earliest historic times to the present and recurring at regular intervals.

THE FIRST ENVELOPES.

They Were Used In a Private Penny Post In Paris.

The first mention of envelopes occurs in 1653, when M. de Valayer set up, under royal patronage, a private penny post in Paris, and boxes were placed at street corners for the reception of letters wrapped in post paid envelopes.

The earliest uses of the word in English were by Bishop Burnet in 1714 and Dean Swift in 1720. That the "little bags called envelopes," as Howland Hill described them, were nothing but a revival and were in use as a covering for postal purposes long before 1840, when his postal reform was established, is evident from the following: Under date July 21, 1627, Secretary Conway gives an account of his "opening a letter in the presence of the king, which contained a blank sheet." Lamb mentions them in 1825, and in "Harry Lorrequer," published by Charles Lever in 1837, we find, "The writer entered with a small note in an envelope."

The early covers were probably rude enough, as machine made envelopes were unknown before 1840, and the "lick of the gum" did not make its appearance till the succeeding year.

The Armenians.

The Armenians are one of the most ancient races in the world. Their country is mentioned by Xenophon and Ezekiel and in the cuneiform inscriptions of Babylon and Assyria. All the nations that surrounded them have passed away, but they remain, though their country has been harried with fire and sword for centuries. The speaker ascribed the permanence of the Armenian race to the virtue of their women and the exceptional purity and stability of their family life. Even in their heathen days polygamy was unknown to them. They have been a Christian nation for more than 1,500 years and have undergone perpetual persecution for their faith from the surrounding oriental peoples.

Route of the Bobolink.

The amount of traveling done by some of our birds is astonishing. Dr. Cooke says that the common night hawk spends the summer in Alaska and the winter in Patagonia. The bobolink, which is the redbird of the middle states and the ricebird of the south, winters on the waving pampas of southern Brazil. It covers 700 miles from Cuba to the South American coast in a single flight, following a track not popular with other birds, which might be called the bobolink route.—Saturday Evening Post.

Bound to Come.

Mamma—My dear, what are you doing? Little Daughter—Making a dolly for my little sister. Mamma—But you haven't any little sister. Little Daughter—No, not yet, but Sally Stuckup has just got one, and I know we always get everything the Stuckups do.

Beat Her to the Altar.

"Why is it that Ethel has never married?"

"She has too many pretty girl friends."—Cleveland Leader.

Did you ever see a car No. 1 on the railroad? What becomes of car No. 1?—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

THE MINER and TRIBUNE FARMER one year for $1.25 IN ADVANCE.

THE MINER and Tri-Weekly Tribune one year for $75 IN ADVANCE.

A MODEL OF CAUTION.

Yet an Innocent Remark Was the Cause of His Death.

The father of Gueau de Reverseaux had been a distinguished lawyer, and through his influence he held important offices under the government. When the revolution began he gave up his office at La Rochelle and retired to Chartres.

From the time that the revolution began Gueau de Reverseaux devoted his attention exclusively to preserving his own safety. He wrote no letters. He would receive no letters. He saw no visitors and paid no visits. He spoke to no person and allowed no one to come near him. It would have been impossible to be more prudent than he was.

However, he wanted some sheds built on his farm near Chartres and ventured to consult a carpenter. The carpenter told him that he could not undertake the work immediately, as Gueau de Reverseaux wished, because most of his workmen were drafted to join the army at once.

Gueau de Reverseaux replied: "The workmen need not go. They can send substitutes."

This remark was heard by the workmen, but only the first phrase made any impression on them. They reported everywhere that M. Gueau de Reverseaux, who must be good authority, had said that they need not go. The news went to headquarters that Gueau de Reverseaux declared that the drafted workmen need not obey the government. This was considered to be conspiracy, and he was condemned to death and executed.

A BID FOR SILENCE.

Five Million Dollars Was the Sum Offered and Rejected.

Immediately it became known to the Tweed ring that the proofs of its guilt were in possession of the Times an effort was made to buy them. A carefully verified report of this attempt was published in Harper's Weekly for Feb. 22, 1890:

"A tenant in the same building (the Times building) sent for Mr. Jones to come to his office, as he wished to see him on an important matter. Mr. Jones went to the lawyer's office and, being ushered into a private room, was confronted by Comptroller Connolly.

"'I don't want to see this man,' said Mr. Jones, and he turned to go.

"'For God's sake,' exclaimed Connolly, 'let me say one word to you!'

"At this appeal Mr. Jones stopped. Connolly then made him a proposition to forego the publication of the documents he had in his possession and offered him the enormous sum of $5,000,000 to do this. As Connolly waited for the answer, Mr. Jones said:

"'I don't think the devil will ever make a higher bid for me than that.'

"Connolly began to plead and drew a graphic picture of what one could do with $5,000,000. He ended by saying:

"'Why, with that sum you can go to Europe and live like a prince.'

"'Yes,' said Mr. Jones, 'but I should know that I was a rascal. I cannot consider your offer or any offer not to publish the facts in my possession.'"—From "Thomas Nast" in Pearson's.

The Frolicsome Scallop.

The scallop takes life less seriously and servilely than his cousins, the clams and oysters. The oyster can't move from his place; the clam can, but rarely does. The scallop is as free as a bird almost to the end of his days. Then, again, the scallop has temperament. He exhibits the frolicsomeness of childhood, as higher animals do. We see little scallops by tens and dozens darting swiftly here and there in the water by a quick opening and shutting of the two valves of their shells. They are as graceful as a flock of snowbirds and as vivacious. Capture one, lay it on the sand, and it snaps its valves, impatient of the interruption. If we interpret the signs aright, it is altogether happy if put back in the pool.—Country Life in America.

Her Case Exactly.

It is related of a clergyman who was the happy father of a charming and beautiful daughter that one day while preparing his Sunday discourse he was suddenly called from his desk on a mission of mercy. The sentence at which he left off was this: "I never see a young man of splendid physique and the promise of a glorious manhood almost realized but my heart is filled with rapture and delight."

His daughter, happening to enter the study, saw the sermon and read the words.

Sitting down, she wrote underneath, "Them's my sentiments, papa, exactly."

Dr. Fuller's Memory.

Among those who have performed great feats of memory may be mentioned Dr. Fuller, author of the "Worthies of England." He could repeat another man's sermon after hearing it once and could repeat 500 words in an unknown language after hearing them twice. He one day attempted to walk from Temple Bar to the farthest end of Cheapside and to repeat on his return every sign on either side of the way in the order of their occurrence, and he did it easily.—London Mail.

Comforting.

It is very comforting to a man who is just recovering from a lingering illness and has managed to crawl out on a warm, sunshiny day to get air to have a neighbor come along and shout cheerily: "Hello! Been away, haven't you? Had a good time? You are looking well!"

Many a tongue shakes out its master's undoing.—Shakespeare.

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Official Directory

STATE.

Governor—Samuel W. Pennypacker.
Lieutenant Governor—W. M. Brown.
State Treasurer—Frank G. Harris.
Auditor General—E. B. Hardenbergh.
Secy of Internal Affairs—I. B. Brown

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—Joseph W. Bouton, Smethport
Member of Congress—S. R. Dresser, Bradford.
State Senator—Myron Mason, Bradford.
Members of Assembly—J. W. Campbell, Kane; J. M. McElroy, Bradford.
District Attorney—John P. Melvin, Bradford, Pa.
Sheriff—Charles E. Mays, Morrisons.
Prothonotary—S. E. Bell, Smethport.
Recorder—H. M. Choate, Smethport.
Register—J. D. Eastman, Smethport.
Clerk of Courts—W. H. Morrison, Smethport.
County Treasurer—A. W. Boyd, Bradford.
Commissioners—Geo. Griffiths, Kane; J. A. Peterson, Bradford; W. P. Walsh, Smethport.
Com'rs Clerk—S. D. Weaver, Kane.
Jury Commissioners—S. M. Love, and Leon Curtis.
Auditors—Oscar Engstrom, Smethport; D. G. Whistle, Port Allegany; James Devlin, Bradford.
Coroner—B. H. Hall, M. D., Bradford.
County School Superintendent—J. E. Myers, Smethport.

BOROUGH.

Burgess—Charles McKean.
Council—Alfred Hamberg, president; Miss Tamsie Rayner, secretary; G. B. Mayo, treasurer; W. A. Ostrander, H. H. Redfield, J. H. Rooney.
Chas. Johnson, J. W. Voorhees, N. D. Ramer
Justices—H. L. Knapp, R. C. Gleason.
Constable—E. W. Jones.
High Constable—Andrew Ness.
School Directors—E. R. Mayo, president; Jno. N. Apple, treasurer; F. D. Gallup, secretary; W. F. Specht, H. W. Rubin, Oscar Engstrom.
Collector—R. C. Gleason.
Assessor—F. H. Freeman.
Auditors—C. C. Choate, A. H. Kidder.
Judge of Election—G. H. Hyde.
Inspectors of Election—J. A. Swanson, C. H. Burlingame.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 388, meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month at 7:30 o'clock p. m. at Masonic Hall, Main street. W. A. ANDORFER, W. M.
W. F. SPECHT, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. 389, meets Friday evenings at 8:00 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. Will work Initiary degree first meeting of each month; 1st degree on second; 2nd degree on third, and 3rd degree on fourth meetings. WM. FUNCHION, N. G.
W. G. HOLDER, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment, No. 227, meets the first and third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.
S. SWANSON, Chief Patriarch.
H. M. CHOATE, Scribe.

G. A. R.—McKean Post, No. 247, meets first and third Thursday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock, in the Odd Fellows' Hall.
E. R. MAYO, Com.
H. L. BURLINGAME, Adjutant.

W. R. C.—Meets every Thursday afternoon at I. O. O. F. Hall.
MRS. ADELL GRIGSBY, Pres't.
MRS. ROSE PEIRCE, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.—Smethport Lodge, No. 182, meets Tuesday evening of each month in Kane Hall.
Z. U. GIFFORD, M. W.
J. C. GALLUP, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.—Smethport Tent, No. 9, meets every second and fourth Tuesday evening at 7:30 in I. O. O. F. Hall.
H. C. WELLS, Com.
W. H. MORRISON, R. K.

L. O. T. M.—Brown Hive, No. 48, meets in I. O. O. F. Hall, Thursday afternoons.
MOLLIE E. PIERCE, Com.
LIZZIE F. HOLDEN, R. K.

C. M. B. A.—Smethport Branch 33, meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at W. C. T. U. Hall, Backus block, at 7:30 p. m.
JAMES LYNCH, Pres't.
THOMAS CLARK, Rec. Sec'y.

W. C. T. U.—Meets every alternate Wednesday at 3 p. m. in the M. E. Chapel.
MRS. JANE N. FORSYTHE, Pres.
MRS. MARY E. RICHMOND, Sec'y.

P. H. C.—Smethport Branch, No. 25, meets on every Tuesday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.
C. M. COLEGROVE, Pres.
MARY A. DENNIS, Sec'y.

Phoenix Chapter No. 125, O. E. S.—Meets first and third Thursdays in each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.
MISS MAY CHOATE, W. M.
MRS. ROSE MALCOLM, Sec'y.

I. O. R. M.—Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall. Adoption degree 1st Monday; Warrior's degree 2nd Monday; Chief's degree 3rd Monday.
A. A. ABBEY, S.
L. E. HOGARTH, C. of R.

Churches

Methodist Episcopal—Gaylord R. Patterson, Ph. D., pastor. Class Meeting, Sunday, at 10 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday School at 11:45 a. m. Junior League at 4 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. General prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

Episcopal—J. Heber McCandless, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Additional service at 8 a. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.

All Saint's Memorial Chapel.—East Smethport. Rev. J. Hebet McCandless, Rector. Divine services every Sunday at 2:45 p. m. Sunday School 3:30 p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at 10 a. m.

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church.—Rev. P. Conroy, Pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each Sunday.

First Baptist Church.—P. S. Calvin, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 2:30 p. m. Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m. Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 7:30. Ladies' Aid Society meets each First Wednesday afternoon in the church building. Missionary Circle meets the first Tuesday evening in each month. The pastor preaches in the East Smethport Chapel each Sunday afternoon at 2:30. All are invited. Seats free.

Colegrove.—Rev. W. F. Tubbs, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Clermont Church.—Rev. W. F. Tubbs, Pastor. Services every other Sunday at 3 p. m.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Pennsylvania RAILROAD

BUFFALO AND ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Time Table—Taking effect May 29, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE SMETHPORT.

For Clermont, Ridgway, DuBois and Pittsburg: 10:10 a. m.
Train 122, week days

For Larabee, Port Allegany, Coudersport and points; Olean, Buffalo and points north, 4:04 p. m.
Train 123, week days

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8:20 a. m.—Train 12, week days, for Sunbury, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Wilkesbarre and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:25 p. m., New York 9:30 p. m., Baltimore 6:50 p. m., Washington 7:15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12:35 p. m.—Train 8, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:22 a. m., New York 9:33 a. m., week days (10:38 a. m. Sundays.) Baltimore 7:15 a. m., Washington 8:30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12:35 a. m.—Train 12, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 7:17 a. m., New York 9:33 a. m. week days, (10:38 a. m. Sundays). Baltimore 7:25 a. m., Washington 8:40 a. m. Vestibuled Buffet sleeping cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

3:10 a. m.—Train 9, daily, for Erie, Ridgway and weekdays DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10:25 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6:40 p. m.—Train 61, week days, for Kane and intermediate stations.

Weekdays.

NORTH	STATIONS	SOUTH
A M LV		AR P M
2:20	Ridgway	12:01
2:30	Johnsonburg	11:52
2:56	Glen Hazel	11:19
3:07	straight	11:07
3:12	Instanter	11:02
3:20	Smith's Run	10:55
3:29	Woodvale	10:46
3:35	Clermont	10:40
P M		A M

Connections are made with train 8, leaving Johnsonburg at 11:47 a. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at 3:50 p. m. and at Ridgway with train 206, leaving Ridgway 12:10 p. m. for DuBois, Red Bank, Pittsburg and intermediate points and train 6, leaving Ridgway at 2:20 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr

GEO. W. BOYD, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

Buffalo, Bradford & Kane Railway.

Time table in Effect June 19th, 1904, Eastern Time.

Trains leave Smethport as follows:

8:00 a. m.—Daily except Sunday for Ormsby, Simpson, Davis, Aiken, Kinzua Jct., Bradford, Mt. Jewett and Kane, connecting at Bradford with trains on Erie R. R. for all points East and West and at Kane with B. & O. R. R. for Nansen, Marienville, Clarion, Foxburg, Butler, Allegheny and intermediate, and with trains on P. & E. division, Pennsylvania R. R.

10:15 a. m.—Daily except Sunday for Ormsby, Bradford, Mt. Jewett, Kane and intermediate points, connecting at Bradford with trains on Erie R. R.

4:10 p. m.—Daily except Sunday for Ormsby, Bradford, Mt. Jewett, Kane and intermediate points, connecting at Bradford with trains on Erie R. R., East and West, and at Kane with P. R. R., for Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

6:15 p. m.—Saturdays only for Ormsby, Simpson, Davis, Aiken, Kinzua Junction and Bradford.

Trains arrive from Bradford, Kane, Mt. Jewett and intermediate points, Daily except Sunday at 9:00 a. m., and 3:40 and 8:40 p. m. Saturday special arrives from Bradford 12:30 p. m. (sunday).

For tickets and full information call on or address B. J. Cummings, ticket agent, Smethport, Pa.

H. H. Gardiner, General Pass. Agent, Buffalo, N. Y.
A. B. Campbell, Gen'l Supt. Bradford, Pa.

The Pittsburg Shawmut & Northern R. R

Effective May 29, 1904.

Trains leave Smethport as follows:

7:00 a. m.—For Mt. Jewett (arr. 7:50 a. m.) connecting with B. R. & P. Ry. for Johnsonburg (arr. 9:25 a. m.); Ridgway (arr. 9:50 a. m.); DuBois (arr. 10:30 a. m.) and Punxsutawney (arr. 11:00 a. m.).

9:01 a. m. for Eldred (arr. 9:30 a. m.), Olean (arr. 10:25 a. m.) connecting with P. R. R. for Buffalo (arr. 12:45 p. m.).

12:02 noon for Clermont (arr. 12:30 p. m.); for Mayne (arr. 1:45 p. m.); Shawmut (arr. 4:22 p. m.) and Brockwayville (arr. 4:45 p. m.).

2:20 p. m. for Eldred (arr. 2:40 p. m.); Olean (arr. 3:40 p. m.); connecting with P. R. R. for Buffalo (arr. 5:10 p. m.); Bolivar (arr. 3:33 p. m.); Friendship (arr. 4:08 p. m.); Angelica (arr. 4:36 p. m.); Hornellsville (arr. 6:10 p. m.); Wayland (arr. 7:23 p. m.), connecting with D. L. & W. for all points east.

3:05 p. m.—For Larabee (arr. 3:55 p. m.) connecting with P. R. for Port Allegany (arr. 4:08 p. m.); Coudersport (arr. 4:45 p. m.); Emporium (arr. 8:05 p. m.).

Trains arrive:—9:00 a. m.—From Mt. Jewett with connections from Kane, 2:20 p. m.—From Brockwayville, Shawmut, St. Marys and Clermont, 12:02 noon—From Hornellsville, Wayland, Angelica, Friendship, Bolivar and Olean, 2:35 p. m.—From Mt. Jewett with connections from B. R. & P. 7:22 p. m.—From Olean and Eldred.

N. B.—All trains daily except Sunday.

D. F. MARONEY, General Supt. St. Marys, Pa.
C. J. RENWICK, Gen. Pass. Agt.

C OUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY

Railroad Time Table, taking effect Monday, March 28, 1901.

Ar. Eastward.			STATIONS.	L'v Westward.		
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Ar.	Dp	A.M.	P.M.
8:05	7:05	2:10	Ulysses	7:20	2:25	9:10
7:50	6:53	2:10	Crowell	7:37	2:32	9:19
7:46	0	1:57	Carpenter	0	2:34	9:22
7:40	6:43	1:53	Perkins	7:52	2:37	9:26
7:37	6:45	1:50	New'fd Junc	7:57	2:42	9:32
7:37	6:45	0	Newfield	7:47	2:49	0
0	0	1:45	Guld	7:44	2:49	9:46
7:05	6:36	1:41	Raymond	7:49	2:45	9:47
7:00	6:30	1:35	Seven Bdg's	8:01	3:06	10:02
6:45	6:21	1:24	Colesburg	8:04	3:09	10:16
6:40	6:17	1:20	Fritts	8:12	3:17	10:20
6:23	6:10	1:12	Couds'pt	0	3:26	10:35
6:15	0	1:05	N. Couds'pt	0	3:30	10:45
6:10	6:00	1:00	Dp. Ar.	8:25	3:30	10:45
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Coudersport			P.M.
4:20	7:45	12:15	Ar. Dp.	8:26	6:00	1:20
0	0	12:13	Hammond	0	0	0
4:05	7:38	12:00	Olmsted	8:33	6:05	1:31
3:59	7:35	12:05	Mina	8:37	6:10	1:37
3:45	0	11:59	Knowlton	0	6:17	0
3:40	7:25	11:55	Roulette	8:47	6:27	1:51
3:30	7:16	11:47	Burtville	8:54	6:35	2:01
3:23	0	11:41	Coleman	0	6:34	0
3:20	0	0	Chem. Works	0	0	0
3:15	7:03	11:36	Pt. Allegany	9:08	6:49	2:25
P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	Dp	Ar	A.M.	P.M.

0—Trains do not stop.

Connections at Ulysses with N. Y. C. & H. R. R.; at Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. Ry. and at Newfield Junction with B. & S. R. R.

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. MCCLURE, Supt.

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In a Parlor Car

By M. LOUISE CUMMINS

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"Goodby."

"Goodby."

"Win the polo match."

"Sure."

Hallett raised himself lazily in his chair as the above conversation struck his ears and, turning slowly, looked across the aisle of the parlor car.

At the open window opposite a girl was bending forward. The knot of dark hair under her wide hat and the graceful shoulders in their silk shirt waist suit were sufficiently attractive to make him rise further to see whom she thus urged to victory.

Scarcely had he done so than he sprang across the moving car and waved his hand frantically to the young man who stood, hat in hand, seeing the girl off.

"Why, hello, Hall!" the latter shouted surprisedly. Then he ran beside the train.

"Grace, allow me to introduce my chum, Hallett—there behind you, Hallett—Miss Kennard."

The two people thus hastily thrust into acquaintanceship looked at each other for a moment in rather a constrained silence. Then the girl laughed.

"Why, you must be the Mr. Hallett," she said frankly.

"Why that distinguishing 'the?'"

"Oh, hasn't any man who was once stroke of the Harvard eight a claim to distinction?"

"But that was in the remote past, quite three years ago. I presume I am talking to the Miss Kennard?"

The girl looked at him sharply.

"Jack wrote me of his engagement two weeks ago," he explained. "It is beginning to dawn upon me that my letter of congratulation was tame."

Her glance drooped. A demure smile lifted the corners of her lip. It might mean assent or denial. Hallett glanced in quick uncertainty at her left hand, but it was covered by a tan colored traveling glove. Underneath, he supposed, blazed her engagement diamond.

"I think," she said, looking up and surprising his inspection of her, "that my stay in New York is to be with a friend of yours as well as mine—Miss Gerhart."

"Oh, Dorothy; yes, indeed," he said heartily.

"We nearly fell out for life when Yale won—she was so anxious you should come off victorious."

"And you were not?"

"Well, you see, I did not know you then."

She gave him a shy glance.

"I wonder if she is a flirt," Hallett speculated and almost felt sorry for his friend in spite of the girl's unusual beauty. Presently he rose.

"I am afraid I shall have to leave you for a moment," he apologized. "My fox terrier Clip is in the baggage car, and I have to let him have a sniff at me once in awhile to keep him from tearing things to pieces generally."

"Oh, let me go too!" The girl jumped up. "I love fox terriers."

Hallett's brow drew together slightly. He had his own ideas about girls, and this rather too free young woman did not quite fit in with them. Nevertheless he helped her through the swaying train.

She went into ecstasies over Clip, stroking his velvet brown head while he frantically licked his master's hand.

"I think his collar is much too tight," she said authoritatively.

Hallett smiled.

"I took it in a notch on purpose to prevent his pulling his head through," he replied quietly.

She looked the dog over with the eye of a connoisseur, and Hallett watched her narrowly. By the time they left the baggage car he had about concluded that Miss Kennard belonged to that objectionable class of young woman who could tell the good points of a horse or dog, but was decidedly lacking in the more tender and womanly qualities.

In their zigzag way through the day coach she paused suddenly. The car was crowded almost to the point of suffocation. In one seat a fragile looking woman with a boy of four on her lap sat wedged close to the window by a stout man with a handkerchief tucked round his collar, who fanned himself vigorously with a large hat.

"That woman will faint if she remains here," Grace Kennard said decidedly. "She is almost gone now."

"What can we do?" Hallett asked, with a hopeless look around them at the crowded seats.

"I will give her my place in the parlor car."

"You?" His surprise was hardly complimentary.

"Yes, I, Mr. Hallett." Her eyes challenged him for an instant. "If you will help the mother I will take the child," she added coldly.

"Then I insist on your having my chair," he temporized.

"And I will take it for the boy! Don't you see that he is too heavy for that delicate woman to hold? Oh, what does it matter about me?" she went on impatiently. "I am strong. Let me get them out of this while the mother is able to walk."

While the woman lay gasping her relief in a comfortable armchair and purer air Grace Kennard retired to the narrow seat at the rear of the car usually used by the conductor when sorting his tickets. Hallett went off to arrange things with that worthy, and, returning successful, stood beside her.

"Do you know, I think I owe you an apology?" he said slowly.

Her eyebrows and shoulders raised themselves imperceptibly, as though the subject was not worth pursuing.

"Perhaps you could lend a seat in the smoking car," she suggested coldly.

"Does that mean that I am dismissed?"

"No."

He watched the softly flushed face. How tender, how beautiful it had looked as the older and weaker woman leaned upon Miss Kennard's young strength. Hallett looked away from her quickly. Was he forgetting his friend, he who had always prided himself upon being the soul of honor?

Again his glance traveled to her hands.

"Do you always wear gloves when traveling?" he said abruptly.

"What a question!"

"But do you?"

"Of course. Every well bred woman does."

"Would you think it very impertinent if I asked you to remove them?"

"Mr. Hallett," she said hurriedly, "will you kindly bring me my traveling bag? I want to get some violet water for that poor woman. I'm sure her headaches."

With a baffled sigh he started to obey. As he returned she slowly and deliberately withdrew her gloves.

Hallett watched the white, ringless hands like one fascinated, while she fumbled among the dainty contents of the bag.

"I thought"—he stammered. "Surely"—

"Please take this to our friend." She held out a filigree silver bottle.

He took both hand and ornament in a steely clasp.

"Not until you tell me," he said firmly.

"Mr. Hallett!" But something else struggled with the displeasure in her eyes.

"Please tell me!"

"Well, if you must know, I am not the Miss Kennard. Jack, in the hurry of his introduction failed to make that clear. It is my older sister, Margaret, to whom he is engaged."

"Whew! Then I may"— Hallett wanted to fling his hat to the roof of the car.

"You do not deserve to be told," she pouted resentfully. "During the first half hour of our acquaintance your opinion of me was anything but flattering."

He bent over her, turning suddenly grave.

"Some day I hope to know you well enough to tell you my opinion," he said earnestly.

She rose hurriedly, for the train was pulling into the Grand Central.

"Goodby," she said, holding out her hand, "Dorothy will be here to meet me."

"Then I shall see you safely into her keeping, and"—he still held the ringless hand in his—"I shall begin tonight to pay my large debt of calls to Dorothy. Will you forgive my saying that life for me has only begun today?"

Earthworms.

Darwin says in "The Formation of Vegetable Mold:" "If a man had to plug up a small cylindrical hole with such objects as leaves, petioles, or twigs he would drag or push them in by their pointed ends, but if these objects were very thin relatively to the size of the hole he would probably insert some by their thicker or broader end. The guide in his case would be intelligence." He then goes on to show by reports of actual experiments that this is the method pursued by earthworms. Not only do they adapt the leaves of the trees of their own country to their needs, but the leaves of foreign trees are dealt with in a similar way. The following words of Mr. Darwin are remarkable: "If worms are able to judge either before drawing or after having drawn an object close to the mouths of their burrows, how best to drag it in, they must acquire some notion of its general shape. This they probably acquire by touching it in many places with the anterior extremity of their bodies, which serves as a tactile organ.

"It may be well to remember how perfect the sense of touch becomes in a man when born blind and deaf, as are worms. If worms have the power of acquiring some notion, however rude, of the shape of an object and of their burrows, as seems to be the case, they deserve to be called intelligent, for they then act in nearly the same manner as would a man under similar circumstances."

A Japanese Story.

In one of his stories Lafcadio Hearn deals with a singular superstition in Japan. A woman had, according to a very common custom in Japan, given her mirror to go into the melting pot to make a bell for a Buddhist temple. After she had given it she remembered that it had been her mother's and her grandmother's, and that it must have reflected a good many happy smiles. So she regretted giving it. She longed for the chance of stealing it back, but it never came. As the mirror was given gradually it would not melt. She was sure that everybody must know, who had done such a dreadful thing as to grudge a gift to a temple, so she drowned herself, leaving a farewell letter containing these words: "When I am dead it will not be difficult to melt the mirror and to cast the bell. But to the person who breaks that bell by ringing it great wealth will be given by the ghost of me." This was a magnificently effective curse, because everybody tried to ring the bell till it should break. The priests were driven to the verge of madness by the ringing and threw it into a swamp, so that nobody could ring it any more.

WORLD'S FAIR SPECIAL DAYS

Events of Worldwide Importance Crowd One Another on the Season's Programme—Many Congresses and Conventions to Meet.

Each of the remaining days of the World's Fair season has a programme filled with special events that offer additional attractions for late visitors. National and state governments, municipalities, secret societies, trade organizations and college fraternities have arranged to participate in the special days allotted to them, and thousands of persons will be drawn to the World's Fair upon these occasions.

Missouri is to have an entire week at the Exposition, and the Lumbermen of America will be present for six days. St. Louis day, Sept. 15, will be

SOUTH ENTRANCE PALACE OF MANUFACTURES, WORLD'S FAIR.

one of the big days of the Exposition in point of attendance. Some of the largest events, including the great airship races, have not yet been scheduled, and they are not included in the list of attractions given here:

SPECIAL EVENTS FOR AUGUST.

23—Missouri week begins. Pythian day and convention of National Firemen's association.
Horse and mule show in Live Stock section; closes Sept. 3.
22—Rathbone Sisters' day.
24—Deutscher-Krieger Bund day.
25—Conventions of dental examiners and Institute of Bank Clerks.
26—Ramsey family reunion.
27—Liberal Arts' day.
28—Inauguration of great Olympic games, hammer throwing, running and jumping.
30—Tennis tournament and Marathon race in Olympic games.
31—Eagles' day and Tyler family reunion. International tug of war in Olympic games.

SPECIAL EVENTS FOR SEPTEMBER.

1—Tennessee and Indiana day.
Dumbbell competition and hurdle races in Olympic games.
2—Jewelers' and Silversmiths' day.
3—Sons and Daughters of Justice.
International team race in Olympic games.
5—Labor day and beginning of Lumbermen's week.
6—Oklahoma day.
7—Convention of postoffice clerks and Brigham family reunion.
8—Modern Woodmen day.
9—California, Odd Fellows' and House of Hoo-Hoo day.
10—Reunion of Spanish War Veterans.
12—Maryland day.
World's amateur cricket contest.
Cattle show opens in Live Stock section; closes Sept. 24.
13—Catholic Knights of America.
14—Woodmen of the World and State of Louisiana day.
15—St. Louis day.
16—Mexico day and Germanic congress.
17—Massachusetts and Colorado day.
19—Congress of arts and science and Arizona day.
Olympic golf championship tournament.
20—Nevada day.
Archery contests.
21—Illinois day.
23—Arkansas day.
23—Lewis and Clark Centennial exposition day and Virginia day.
24—Idaho day.
26—Fraternal day.
Military athletic carnival.
27—North Dakota and Apple day.
28—International congress of lawyers and justices and Utah day.
29—Knights and Ladies of Security day.
30—Kansas day.

SPECIAL EVENTS FOR OCTOBER.

1—Indian Territory day.
Equestrian polo championship contests.
3—New York day.
Sheep and swine exhibition in Live Stock section; closes Oct. 15.
4—New York State and Advertising Men's day.
5—Rhode Island day.
6—Maine, Ohio, New Jersey and German day.
7—W. C. T. U. and Daughters of Confederacy day.
8—Chicago Press day.
10—Cuba's national day.
11—Missouri day.
12—Italian and Michigan day.
13—Connecticut and City of Detroit day.
14—A. A. C. Wrestling Championship day.
15—Mystic Toilers' day.
17—American Library Association day.
18—Alaska, Nebraska and Helen Keller day.
19—Jefferson day.
20—Meeting of Colonial Dames of America.
21—Congregational day.
22—Fraternal Mystic Circle.
24—Bankers of the World day and National Council of Women.
Poultry, pigeons and pet stock exhibition in Live Stock section; closes Nov. 5.
25—Clergyman day.
Dog and cat exhibition in Live Stock section; closes Oct. 28.
26—Nut growers, dairymen and silk culturists' congress.
27—Farmers' mass exhibition.
Turbert lanes exhibition.
28—A. A. U. gymnastics championship.
29—Homo missionary convention.
A. A. U. gymnastic championships.

SPECIAL EVENTS FOR NOVEMBER.

2—Convention King's Daughters and Sons and National Humane society.
3—Collegiate Alumni association.
5—Missouri University day.
7—Interscholastic football games.
Southern breeding cattle exhibit in Live Stock section; closes Nov. 12.
10—College relay racing.
12—College football.
15—Brooklyn day.
16—Association football.
17—Cross country championship.
18—Association football.
19—Interscholastic football.

REPRESENTATIVE MEN ON THE WORLD'S FAIR

What Distinguished Statesmen and Others Say of the Educational and Inspiring Exposition at St. Louis.

The public utterances of distinguished men who have visited the world's fair have but one note, and that of emphatic praise. Here are some of their comments:

Hon. John Hay, secretary of state: "I have never seen nor heard of anything so fine."

Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury: "Any father of a bright boy can afford to send him to the Fair simply to study any one of at least a thousand exhibits."

Hon. Charles H. Grosvenor of Ohio: "A visit of ten days by a man of ordinary aptness and appreciative capacity to the Fair is almost equal to a postgraduate course in a university."

Hon. Benjamin B. Odell, governor of New York: "St. Louis has been badly misrepresented by accounts which say that her weather is unbearable. The Fair is wonderful."

Hon. George C. Pardee, governor of California: "The governor of the Golden State, who has spent all his life within her borders, finds that he knew only a little about his state until he came to the Fair and saw all her varied products assembled together."

Hon. Albert B. Cummins, governor of Iowa: "The Louisiana Purchase Exposition is on the grandest scale of any exposition the world has ever seen."

Hon. Richard Yates, governor of Illinois: "The more I see of the Exposition the more I enjoy it."

Hon. Fenimore Chatterton, governor of Wyoming: "I wish the Fair the greatest success. It certainly deserves it."

Hon. Franklin Murphy, governor of New Jersey: "It is well worth coming from New Jersey to see even a small part of this Fair."

Hon. A. B. White, governor of West Virginia: "I cannot speak too strongly of the greatness of this Fair."

Hon. William J. Bryan: "The Exposition is an unparalleled wonder."

Hon. John Sharp Williams, member of congress from Mississippi: "The most wonderful thing of its kind."

Hon. Hoke Smith of Georgia, formerly secretary of interior under President Cleveland: "I am highly pleased with the Exposition and believe it to be one of the triumphs of modern civilization."

Hon. Perry Belmont of New York: "In magnitude and beauty the Fair is wonderful. It is worth coming a long distance to see."

Hon. Daniel J. Campau, chairman of the Michigan delegation to the Democratic national convention at St. Louis: "It is positively sinful for parents to fail to bring their children to see the Fair."

M. Paul Dupuy, editor of Le Petit Parisien of Paris, France: "I admire the Exposition for its immensity, its spirit of the sublime, its general beauty and its completeness."

Prince George of Bavaria: "I have never seen anything prettier than the St. Louis World's Fair buildings when outlined at night with their millions of electric lights."

Hon. Louis E. McComas of Maryland: "The greatest Fair in the world."

Hon. John F. Dryden of New Jersey: "The people have no idea of the greatness of the Exposition. Every American should see it."

T. P. Shants, president of the Clover Leaf route of Chicago: "The Fair is a big success and will continue to become a greater success as it progresses."

WAGE EARNERS AT THE FAIR

Prominent Men Planning to Help Workers See the Great Exposition.

Wage earners of America are to see the World's Fair by tens of thousands under the auspices of the National Civic Federation. A new bureau of the Federation has just been established at St. Louis upon the World's Fair grounds. Back of the movement are Grover Cleveland, David R. Francis, Andrew Carnegie, Cornelius N. Bliss and others. Plans are making to have a vast number of the wage earners of the United States see the World's Fair, the most glorious spectacle of the age and the most influential factor in the education of the American citizen.

The bureau is in charge of Miss Gertrude Beeks, secretary of the Federation's welfare department, of which Mr. H. H. Vreeland, head of the street railway system of New York city, is chairman. The bureau headquarters is in the east end of the Palace of Transportation, on the ground floor. The Exposition management is in hearty accord with this movement on the part of the Federation to induce the large manufacturers and other employers of labor to provide ways and means for the wage earners of America to visit the Exposition. President Francis is displaying personal interest in the undertaking by affording the Federation every facility for the consummation of its efforts, and in this connection he has directed Theodore Hardee, assistant to the secretary, to co-operate with Miss Beeks and Ralph M. Easley, chairman of the Federation's executive council, in every possible way.

The Exposition management has also equipped this bureau with clerical assistance and a full supply of World's Fair literature. The bureau will be used as headquarters for all wage earners coming to the Exposition under its auspices. The aim of the Federation is to make it feasible for the largest possible proportion of wage earners to visit St. Louis and see the World's Fair. It will see that they are met at the depot by responsible persons and conducted to suitable lodgings, where they will be treated fairly.

There will also be furnished, free of charge, appropriate itineraries indicating the points of interest to be seen within a limit of one week, which is about the average time each party will spend here. It will also indicate the objects of special interest to various craftsmen in their particular lines, so that they may devote as much time as possible to the objects of peculiar interest to them. These and many other efforts will be made to help all wage earners to enjoy the benefits of this great Exposition comfortably and at an expense within their means.

MODERN MAGAZINES.

The Work That Must Be Done by a Successful Editor.

The poor editor who should be so fatuous as to depend for the contents of his magazine on the driftwood that came in to him would soon be replaced or his magazine would needs go out of business. Not only has the day gone by when editors sat in easy chairs and majestically sifted wheat from chaff in the piles of stuff sent prayerfully to them, but gone, too, is the day when an editor could sit in his office and plan a good magazine out of his inner consciousness. A good magazine today represents the skillful collaboration of several bright, keen men, or men and women, and its make-up is a nice medium between what the editors have reason to think their subscribers want and what they have reason to think their contributors can do best.

It is an important part of good editing nowadays to keep in as close touch as possible with the greatest possible number and variety of persons who write. It is part of an editor's business to keep well informed on all the new books and all his contemporaries among the periodicals—to know (better, perhaps, than the man himself knows) what kind or kinds of work any given man can best do and to have the knowledge filed away in his memory for ready reference. It is part of his business, too, to see and talk with, whenever he can, not only the persons who are trying to write for him, but all persons whose situation in life is at all interesting in a way which ought some day to make them valuable to him.—Clara E. Laughlin in Reader.

SPORTING RIGHTS.

Only Source of Income of Many Titled English Families.

Were it not for the enormous sums paid for fishing and shooting rights many people of ancient names and goodly title would, in the most literal sense, have no means of livelihood whatever, and only the other day one of the best known property agents of the west end of London drew up for the writer a list of a dozen people mixing in society of an exclusive kind, every penny of whose income is derived from the letting of sporting rights.

Nearly all the money thus expended has been made in commerce, and the agent referred to above showed documentary evidence proving that there are lots of men who do not mind paying as much as £100 for every deer, £3 for every trout and £20 every salmon they kill, plus the sport of killing them. One of the most remarkable features of this letting is the fact that only about one in every hundred of the owners of ancient sporting rights ever enjoys his privileges as a sportsman. He either prefers or is compelled to part with such privileges, and those who take advantage of them are nearly all people in business.

This renting of fishing and sporting has even extended down to comparatively humble people in the provinces. Many a small Yorkshire farmer is being kept, and well kept, not by his farming, but by the letting of some comparatively insignificant sporting right.—London Tit-Bits.

Holmes' Inspiration.

There is hardly room for doubt that Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes was encouraged to write his "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table" by reading "Table Talk"—being "The Discourses of John Selden, Esq., or His Sense of Various Matters of Weight and High Consequence Relating Especially to Religion and State." The work belongs to 1634-54 and treats of such topics as articles, baptism, Bible, bishops, books, ceremony, Christmas, clergy, confession, conscience, creed, duel, epitaph, faith and works, gentlemen, holy days, idolatry, Jews, juggling, king, law, lectures, liturgy, marriage, money, oaths, oracles, poetry, popery, presbytery, proverbs, religion, sacraments, trade, truth, university, wit and women. For the thousandth time, "Nothing new under the sun."—New York Press.

Good Watch Stands Hard Knocks.

"The knocks a good watch may be subjected to and yet come out uninjured are most remarkable," said the jeweler as he attached his glass to one eye and peered into the workings of a timepiece. "This watch is supposed to have fallen a distance of more than a hundred feet, and I can detect not the slightest disorder. A few days ago a countryman brought a watch to me which he wished examined. He had lost it in a field, and it had lain out there, exposed to the elements, for six weeks, part of the time being submerged in water. It was in perfect condition, not even a speck of rust in the case."—Columbus Dispatch.

Animals' Love of Sweets.

This love of sweets is very common in our animal neighbors, from the bee to the horse. If you want to please a horse try giving him two or three lumps of sugar. Not only the bees, but the wasps, flies, butterflies and indeed nearly all insects, are conspicuously attracted to sweets, and it is this sweet tooth which leads the insect to visit flowers and thus help them to produce seeds.—St. Nicholas.

Thought.

"But you can't make a machine that will think."

"No," replied the inventor, "and I wouldn't if I could—if I thought it would think as some people do."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A bad memory often enables us to remember the things we should forget.

TO KEEP FRIENDS.

Be Interested in Them, but Never Descend to Curiosity.

If you would have friends be interested in them.

There is a difference between interest and curiosity. Never be curious.

Interest asks nothing, but is glad of others' joys and sorry for others' misfortunes. Curiosity seeks to find more than is written upon the surface, seeks it for the purpose of distribution, for innocent slander.

One's friends like one to be interested. They detest one who is curious.

To be interested in those one meets needs but to wish them well.

To see the best of those about us will cause us to wish them well.

To our wellwishers we pour out our joys and sorrows. They are interested. They understand.

The interested friend always understands. The curious acquaintance never sees through motives. The curious one is blinded by his own interpretation of causes and his prejudiced view of results.

Don't, therefore, seek to know what is hidden. If your friend conceals something from you he has a reason for doing it. Prove your interest and your lack of vulgar curiosity by trusting him in spite of the concealment.

Those who are truly interested and never curious are surrounded by friends.—Detroit Tribune.

A CITY WITHOUT TAXES.

All Its Expenses Are Paid by the Income From Its Property.

In the Black forest of Germany is the little city of Freudenstadt, with about 7,000 inhabitants, a busy industrial place with iron and chemical works of some importance.

Small as it is, Freudenstadt is a full fledged city, with a mayor, aldermen, half a dozen policemen and a fire engine. The public business is conducted on an economical basis, and the total expenses do not exceed £5,000 in a year.

Freudenstadt has the distinction of being the only city in Germany and perhaps in the world which does not tax the citizens a shilling for municipal expenses. The yearly net revenue from the public property covers all the expenditure.

This property consists of about 6,000 acres of fine forest, which, being managed under the best forestry methods, is a permanent source of income. One or more trees are planted for every one that is cut down. No tree is cut till it can yield the maximum profit.

After deducting all the expenses of the industry the annual profit to the acre is about £1.—Pearson's Weekly.

BRIEF TWILIGHT.

At the Equator It Lasts Only a Little Over an Hour.

As twilight is caused by the refraction of the atmosphere, without which we should be instantly in darkness at sunset, all parts of the earth have twilight, though of varying duration. When the sun has sunk eighteen degrees below the horizon no more light can be refracted anywhere, but the path of the sun at the equator is so nearly vertical that its disappearance is proportionally rapid.

The shortest twilight at the equator is one hour and twelve minutes at the equinoxes in March and September; the longest is one hour and nineteen minutes at the solstices in June and December.

In London from May 22 to July 21 it is twilight all through the night. No wonder, with a disparity so great, people speak of night in the tropics as coming on almost suddenly. Farther north still, in the Shetlands and Norway, we speak of the midnight sun, where men never lose sight of the orb of day and twilight is unknown.—London Spectator.

Early Action in Tuberculosis.

The whole secret of success in the treatment of tuberculosis is to so increase the resistance of the patient as to bring about the arrest of the tuberculosis process and to prevent secondary infection. Early recognition and proper management in the beginning of the disease are the chief elements of cure. If the family physician encourages the hopeful patient to believe that "it is only a bad cold" and that it "will wear off," or when warm weather comes he will be "all right," he not only sends the patient's doom, but fails to take advantage of the opportunity presented today for the cure of consumption.—Suggestion.

The Demand Was Granted.

A certain city in England sent a deputation to Charles II., who was very ill, soliciting some favor. The orator, without any mercy to the sick man, made a long, tedious discourse. "Have you anything more to say?" asked the merry monarch impatiently. "Nothing," replied the orator, "except that if you do not grant our request I am instructed to recite my speech over again." Charles ordered their all his demands should be freely and instantaneously complied with.

An Exposure.

"Johnny," said the teacher, "a lie can be acted as well as told. Now, if your father was to put snail in his sugar and sell it he would be acting a lie and doing very wrong."

"That's what mother told him," said Johnny impetuously, "but he said he didn't care."—London Tit-Bits.

The Original Macintosh.

"Macintosh boasts a good deal about his family, doesn't he?" "Yes; I think he claims that the head of his family was the original Macintosh that Noah had with him during that rainy season."—Philadelphia Press.

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What Shall We Have for Dessert?

The question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day.

EMIL THAMM,

MANUFACTURER OF

Fine Cigars.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer.

TEAS THAT ARE WORTH FORTUNES

Twelve Hundred Kinds Are In China's Show at the World's Fair—The Most Populous Nation of the World For the First Time Makes an Exhibit Worthy of Her Greatness.

Many expositions of stupendous character make up the World's Fair of 1904. Each part is a vast and distinct show. Each building shelters many acres of wonderful things—wonderful because they are the choicest of their kind. Every nation on the globe is represented. Every state and territory is here with its best and making the most of its greatest opportunity.

The fact that China has not been a large exhibitor at world's fairs gives to her great exhibit here a prominence quite exceptional. It is a wonderland of ingenious productions. We know China best by reason of her extensive exports of teas, which have found a vast market in the United States for generations. Her commercial interests therefore prompted her to make a display of teas that we should not forget.

In sealed glass jars China displays in the Liberal Arts Palace some 1,200 kinds of tea. Young Hyson and Old Hyson have a string of tea relations longer than the genealogical chain of a Plymouth Rock. They are neatly selected "chops," in the language of the tea farmer, and these classes do not embrace medicinal teas, which are quite another lot in the rather modest number of 400.

The teas exhibited vary in price from a few cents a pound to some rare and exclusive kinds that are worth their weight in gold, the tea in the latter cases being placed on one side of the scales and pure gold on the other—that is to say, the tea of this expensive kind is worth about $20 gold an ounce. Only a very small quantity of this exclusive leaf is exhibited, and it is grown in carefully guarded tea plantations or gardens right under the shadows of the great wall of China. Its cultivation is prohibited for any use save for the imperial family of China and a few of the favored high officials.

Mention has been made of the word "chop" in connection with tea, and it may be interesting to the everyday reader to know what the word actually signifies. The tea leaf is grown in various districts of the Chinese empire on

NORTH ENTRANCE PALACE OF MINES AND METALLURGY, WORLD'S FAIR.

large areas of ground which are often mistaken for single plantations. This is hardly ever the case, as the large tracts are very often owned by hundreds of different men, whose individual plots of ground bearing the tea plants are carefully mapped out, so that each individual owner may cultivate and pick his own crop of tea. Each owner likewise markets his own tea and puts his own special mark or "chop" on the packages. Hence the term "chop" signifies an individual growth or picking of tea by one owner. In an area of tea land of, say, a thousands acres, all apparently under one ownership, there may be some forty, fifty or more owners of the plantation and consequently a like number of "chops" of tea.

It must not be imagined that all these different owners of the tea get the same price for their commodity—far from it, as each of these individual tea growers has his own secrets for improving the quality and flavor of tea. Take, for instance, the Amoy and Foochan districts, whence most of the tea for the United States comes. The owners of "chops" of tea varying from 10 to 200 chests of 56 pounds each bring samples of their goods to the various foreign merchants for sale. These latter turn the Chinese tea growers over to the good offices of the foreign or American professional tea taster, who passes on the goods as to price. The tea taster has the samples infused, not boiled, in his presence and passes upon the quality, flavor, twang and manner of curing, fixing a price accordingly, from which there is never any variation and which the tea grower must accept or go elsewhere to dispose of his wares. In a single tract of tea land like the one cited above the price has ranged from 14 cents, the lowest, to 48½ cents, the highest, per pound among sixty-one different tea producers. A matter of great moment that also figures in the price of tea is that very often tea from the same district will have the various "chops" blended together in order to produce special flavors.

His Experience.

"There are some songs that will never die," said the musical enthusiast.

"I guess that's right," answered Mr. Cumrox. "My daughter sits down at the piano and tries to kill a few of 'em every evening. But it's no use."—Washington Star.

ALCOHOLIC CRIMINALS.

The Dreamy Mental State That Leads to Murder or Suicide.

In a paper on the criminal responsibility of the alcoholic the medical officer of Pentonville prison said that "no one becomes mad when drunk who is wholly sane when sober."

Referring to the dreamy mental state of morbid drunkenness, the doctor said that what ordinarily happened was that after many years of intoxication the individual acquired a peculiar susceptibility to alcohol, so that relatively small doses led to more or less lengthy dream states, in which the patient might seem to speak and act pretty coherently, though in reality he was in a sort of somnambulistic state and knew nothing at all afterward of what he had done or had only a hazy recollection of it. In one of those phases he will probably murder his family or attempt suicide.

The admission of morbid drunkenness as a condition excluding full responsibility was especially desirable in that it would further the trend of public opinion to adopt preventive measures against the criminal alcoholic. When, therefore, the chronic alcoholic had once shown the disposition to dream states with impulsive tendencies, especially homicidal or suicidal, he ought to be dealt with on the same footing as the impulsive epileptic—immune from ordinary punishment, but unfit for ordinary freedom.—London Globe.

STAINED GLASS.

What Old Makers Got by Accident We Now Get by Design.

There are no lost secrets in the art of making stained glass, though at one time the art itself was in abeyance, so that when Winston, with the aid of Messrs. Powell & Sons, sought to revive it they found that much of its tradition had died out.

Modern science proved equal to the task of solving the mystery. It was soon discovered that the artistic merit of old glass was due to its chemically imperfect composition, for it was irregular in thickness and color and also striated and flecked with air bubbles. The light coming through it was therefore broken up and deflected, as if by an infinite number of tiny prisms, and hence came its lustrous richness of tone in comparison with the crudity of chemically perfect material. What the old makers got by accident the modern get by design.

Old glass has one advantage due to its age and its lack of uniformity. Some particles, being more alkaline than the rest, have been washed out of it by the rains of ages, and it has been left on the weather side rough and "tritted," hence have come more prisms, more refraction and softer, mellower colors.—London Standard.

Took the First Tow.

John H. Hamline of Chicago was one of the foremost advocates of civil service reform in that city, says the Outlook, and was instrumental in securing the passage of the law that established the merit system there. Although the mayor who appointed the first civil service commission was notoriously hostile to the measure and planned to render it useless, Mr. Hamline did not hesitate to accept a place on it.

"How can you compromise with the opposition," he was asked, "by getting on a commission like that, which will have no power?"

"When I am going anywhere," he replied, "I do not wait for a star. I hitch my cart to anything which happens to be going my way."

It is worthy of note that, having climbed aboard his cart, he managed, to the mayor's amazement, to keep it straight in the path of municipal reform and made the law effective despite all opposition.

How Horace Walpole Dressed.

In the early part of the eighteenth century, says the author of "Social England," a fashionable gentleman ordinarily wore a toupee of curls raised high over his forehead. For daily wear most gentlemen were dressed like George I., dark tie, wig, plain coat, waistcoat and breeches of snuff colored cloth and stockings of the same color; for ceremony, like Horace Walpole, in a lavender suit, the waistcoat embroidered with a little silver or of white silk embroidered in the tambour frame, partridge silk stockings, gold buckles, ruffles, lace frill and powdered wig. The linen for shirts was bought in Holland, costing from 10 to 14 shillings the English ell.

Corelli and Caine.

Marie Corelli's first story, "A Romance of Two Worlds," which made her name, was sent to the London publishing house of Bentley. Hall Caine was the principal reader of that house, and his report condemned the book so strenuously that it was rejected. Miss Corelli was deeply discouraged, but after some time she was persuaded to send the manuscript to another publisher. He accepted it eagerly and made a big fortune out of it and out of her later novels.

Letter Perfect.

Rustic poets do not always find rhymes come easily and naturally. At least the following epitaph in a country district would seem to suggest it:

Here lies the body of William Lee.
This was him, this was he,
A B C D E F G.

Nevertheless there is no fault to be found with the actual rhyme as such.—London Globe.

Now They Are Strangers.

Edyth—Jack proposed last night, and after I accepted him I thought he would never stop kissing me. Mayme—How nice of him! But, then, that's the way he always does.

A Physical Impossibility.

Angry Father—How dare you show your face here again? Persistent Suitor—Because I could not leave it at home.

What fine days there are for fishing when a man can't get away from his work.—Atchison Globe.

FARMERS' MONTH AT WORLD'S FAIR

Biggest Department of the Great Exposition Ready For the Inspection of the Army of Men Who Made Its Creation Possible.

Now that crops have been or are being laid by, the farmer prepares for his trip to the World's Fair, a treat that has long been promised him and for which he has patiently waited. No exposition has offered so many inducements for the farmer's presence as this one at St. Louis, nor has any previous exposition given the prominence and space to the subject of agriculture.

August and September are ostensibly the farmer's months at the Exposition, for it is at this season that the agriculture exhibits are the freshest and best. Products of the new crops are pouring into the booths from every state in the Union, and additions are constantly being made to the gorgeous display.

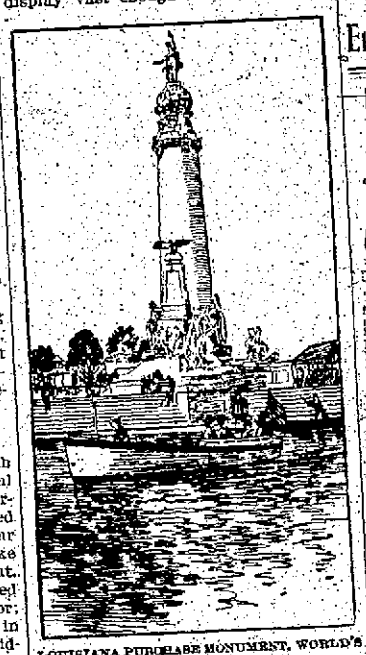
Headquarters for visiting farmers may be found in every state section of the great Agriculture Palace, but for their special convenience there has just been completed a Grange House, situated in the south end of the building. It is equipped with a reception room, ladies' retiring rooms and check rooms, where parcels may be left free of charge. Here will be kept a list of moderate priced rooms to aid visiting farmers and their families in procuring accommodations.

The largest building on the grounds is the Palace of Agriculture, covering twenty acres, while the Palace of Horticulture near by covers about a third as much space. These two immense structures are filled with exhibits of the farm, garden and orchard of the most extensive and elaborate character, every state in the Union and most of the principal countries of the world being represented.

Agriculture is given more prominence than any other department at the Exposition, the paramount importance of this great industry having been fully appreciated from the very beginning of the World's Fair movement.

About seventy acres of ground are covered by the agriculture and horticulture department at the Fair, large outdoor spaces being devoted to this industry. Outside there are growing crops, trees and flowers, an instructive six acre farm maintained by the United States Government Plant Industry, and gardens in all parts of the grounds.

There are more exhibits in the Agriculture building than in any other section of the Exposition. This building is considered by many people the most interesting part of the World's Fair. The exhibits in the palaces of Agriculture and Horticulture constitute a display vast enough and instructive



LOUISIANA PURCHASE MONUMENT, WORLD'S FAIR.

enough to occupy the attention of visitors for many days. Nothing to compare with them was ever attempted before. They are the climax of several decades of educational work which is placing farming on a high plane and is making scientific agriculture a pleasing reality.

The conspicuous role played by agriculture at the World's Fair should bring untold benefits and wealth to the farming community of the world and impress all farmers with the importance and dignity of their calling.

Passing through these colossal buildings, studying the attractive exhibits and fascinated with the bewildering encyclopedia of rural life which is spread out before his eyes, the World's Fair visitor is impressed with the important part the farmer plays in the great world of industry, and every farmer who views these interesting exhibits is given a new pride in his vocation if filled with inspiration and impressed with new ideas in harmony with the progressive strides that farming has been making for the past few years. The visit will give an insight into up to date farming on the most approved plan and will bring new hopes and blessings to the farm.

How properly to rotate crops, how to get the best results from fertilizing and irrigation, how to protect crops and fruit from the ravages of insects—all these and many more things of vital interest to farmers and fruit growers are taught at the World's Fair.

Desirable Building Lots.

I have several very desirable building lots in this borough which will be sold at reasonable prices for cash or easy payments. For particulars call on or address Harry L. Backus, MINER office.

All Yellow Trading Stamp books must be presented at Fry & Comes' store on or before Sept. 15.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining in the post office at Smethport for the week ending Sept. 3, 1904:

Will Boren, Miss Alfie Hendrickson, Mrs. Christina King, Mrs. F. W. Kemp, Mrs. Russell Lamkin, Miss Alice Olson 6.

Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised." All unclaimed letters are sent to the Dead Letter Office two weeks from date of advertising.

J. C. GALLUP, Postmaster.

Notice to Advertisers.

All advertisers should remember that changes of advertisements must reach this office not later than 1 p. m. on Tuesday in order to appear in the following issue of the MINER. We must strictly enforce this rule so it would be well to paste this where the "ad man" can see it.

$14.00 Buffalo to St. Louis.

Tickets on sale each Tuesday and Thursday. Good Seven days. See Local Agents, or Write R. E. Payne, General Agent, 291 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y. Or C. C. Lowry, T. P. A. Holland N. Y. For tickets to Chicago and all points west, call on A. L. Colegrove, Smethport.

LYCEUM THEATRE
ONE NIGHT ONLY
Saturday, Sept. 10,
FRANK S. DAVIDSON
Presents
Old Farmer Hopkins
Not a Single Objectionable Feature Throughout the Performance.
EVERYTHING TO AMUSE! NOTHING TO OFFEND!
Bring the Ladies and Children!
In Revising, the Best of the Old Retained, but the
MANY NEW FEATURES AND REFINED SPECIALTIES
MAKE THIS AN
Entirely New Production.

Dr. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

Pleasant to take, Powerful to Cure, And Welcome in every Home.
KIDNEY and LIVER cure.
Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to all ages and both sexes, affording prompt relief in all cases caused by impurity of the blood, such as, Kidney, Bladder and Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, and weaknesses peculiar to females. Successful for 30 years. Prepared by DR. D. KENNEDY'S SONS, Rondout, N. Y. Sold by all druggists. Six bottles $5.00.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 129, February Term, 1904.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Marie L. White did, on the 16th day of January, 1904, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, D. D. White.

We therefore command you, the said D. D. White, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the first Monday of October next to answer the petition or libel of Marie L. White and show cause, if any you have, why the said Marie L. White your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. CHARLES E. MAYS, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Sept 7, 1904.
James George, Libellant's Attorney.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 92, February Term, 1904.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Rena Owens did, on the 17th day of December 1903, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, praying for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, James Owens.

We therefore command you, the said James Owens, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the first Monday of October, 1904, to answer the petition or libel of Rena Owens, and show cause, if any you have, why the said Rena Owens, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. CHARLES E. MAYS, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 7, 1904.
E. R. Mayo & Son, Libellant's Attorneys.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 11, February Term, 1904.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss:—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, George A. Wescott did, on the 14th day of December, 1903, prefer his petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, praying for the causes therein set forth he might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, entered into with you, Elizabeth Wescott.

We therefore command you the said Elizabeth Wescott, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the first Monday of October next to answer the petition or libel of George A. Wescott and show cause, if any you have, why the said George A. Wescott your husband, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. CHARLES E. MAYS, Sheriff.

Smethport, Pa., Sept. 7, 1904.
Eugene & J. P. Mullin and T. F. Mullin, Libellant's Attorneys.

Entirely New Features

apply not only to the man with the broken nose, but apply as far as we're concerned to the PLUMBING business as well. Look at the plumbing of a house of a few years and compare it with plumbing of a house we've recently done. At every turn, there's a new feature and what's more the new work is entirely sanitary. Its a risk to let your old plumbing stand as it is. We'd like to figure with you on the "new features" in the business and save sickness and doctor bills.

EDGAR W. STRONG,
BOTH 'PHONES. KUBIN BLOCK. Smethport.

You Will Pay More BY DELAY

Many mothers are happy that they bought their

BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS

and SHOES, etc., during our GREAT AUGUST SALE. The savings were from 15% to 25%. There is yet time for you to enjoy similar advantages if you act promptly.

Prices on all goods are advancing—yet for two more weeks we will sell you Boys Suits, etc., at

25 Per Cent LESS

our usual low prices.

Delay in Buying Will Mean Money-Loss to You.

Wm. Monheimer.

C. A. BURDICK
—DEALER IN—
Pianos, Organs and Musical Instruments of all kinds, Wheeler & Wilson Domestic and other Sewing Machines.
Also representing old and reliable Fire, Life, Accident and Sickness Insurance Companies.
C. A. BURDICK
Main St. Smethport, Pa.

Palmer & Vickery
LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES.
FOR SALE,
Horses, Carriages, Wagons, Harness, Etc. Cutters and Robes.
Smethport - Penn.
March 5, 1903.

Blankets and Robes.
The season for Blankets and Robes is here and at this store you can always find
Just What You Want.
all line of Trunks, Telescopes, Suit Cases, Traveling Bags, etc., at popular prices.
Harness—All the latest styles in single or double, light and heavy harness.
Chas. Lemmler,
Smethport, Pa.

"THAT ETERNAL ITCHING."
$5 for any case of Itching, Outward or Inward Piles; Old Sores, Scaley Head, Poison Oak, Eczema, or any Skin Disease that can't be cured with Dr. Zigg's Silver Leaf Ointment. Just try one box, by mail 50c.
DR. ZIGG MEDICAL CO., Bradford, Pa.
For sale by L. E. Hogarth and J. W. Voorhee

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 30th day of August, 1904, the Marvin Creek Railroad Company filed in the Court of Common Pleas for McKean county, Pennsylvania, its petition, praying for a decree of dissolution, which has been fixed by the said Court for Monday, October 3rd, 1904, at two (2) o'clock p. m., or as soon thereafter as the attention of the Court can be had, when and where all persons interested may attend, and show cause against the granting of the prayer of the said petitioner, if they so desire.
TATE & JOHNS, Solicitors.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

Gordon & Richmond.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. All legal business given prompt attention. Smethport, Pa.

Gallup & Bouton.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. All legal business promptly and carefully attended to. Office over Hamlin's Bank, Smethport, Pa.

E. L. Keenan.
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office adjoining Residence, Main Street, Smethport, Pa.
All legal business attended to promptly.

Byron D. Hamlin. John Forrest.
Hamlin & Forrest
LAW AND LAND OFFICE, Smethport, Pa. Office of the lands of Hamlin & Forrest (formerly Keating & Co.) situated in the counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clinton and Clearfield.

E. R. Mayo & Son.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office in Odd Fellows Building, over the Post Office, Smethport, Pa. Office connected with long distance telephone. E. R. Mayo, notary public.

Thomas H. Morrison,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Smethport, - - - - - Penn'a.
All legal business given prompt and careful attention.

E. F. Sherman,
PENSION ATTORNEY AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Claims for Bounty, Back Pay, Pensions, &c., both War of the Rebellion and Spanish War claims given prompt attention. Special attention given to both widow's and invalid claims under the act of May 9, 1900. Office No. 30 Main street, Bradford, Pa. Telephone 302-B.

Physicians.

Burg Chadwick, M. D.
—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—
Office over J. W. Voorhees' Drug Store. Calls answered promptly day or night. Bell 'Phone.

H. L. McCoy,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in I. O. O. F. Block, Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

John Clark, M. D. C. M.
Office and Residence in Clark Block, Smethport, Pa. Office Hours, 8 to 10 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

W. A. Ostrander, Ph. G., M. D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Office and Residence over Lemmler's harness shop.
Day or Night Calls promptly attended to.

G. E. Benninghoff,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, 21 Main St., Bradford, Pa. Special attention given to surgery and surgical diseases of women. Office hours from 1:30 to 3:30 and 7 to 8 p. m.

J. C. Brown,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and Residence one door East of Catholic Parsonage, Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

ROBERT HAMILTON, M. D., C. M.
Office hours—8 to 9 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m. Office and residence, Hamilton Block, second floor, Smethport, Pa.

Dr. E. R. Roker,
DENTIST.
Teeth extracted without pain. All kinds of dental work done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.
Office over McCoy's Drug Store.

Hotels.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,
JAMES McGUIRE, PROP'R
Main Street, Smethport, Pa.
This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

HOTEL IMPERIAL,
Main street, Smethport, Pa., Daniel Bacon, Proprietor.
This House has recently been greatly improved in all its appointments, making it one of the most convenient hotels in the country. Good beds and attentive clerks. The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

SARTWELL HOUSE,
PORT ALLEGANY, PA.
Having recently purchased the above Hotel, and made extensive improvements, I am prepared to cater to the traveling public.
C. S. KING, PROPRIETOR.

COMMERCIAL HOUSE,
F. L. SHERBURNE, Prop.
125 Main Street, Smethport, Pa.
Refitted, repainted and refurnished throughout. The COMMERCIAL is complete in all its arrangements. I am prepared to cater to the wants of the general public. Give me a call.

BAYER HOUSE,
CLERMONT, PENNA.
This house has just been rebuilt and refurnished. The tables are supplied with the best the market affords and the accommodations are all that can be desired. The bar is supplied with the best brands of liquors and cigars.
BOYD & SMITH, Proprietors.

Novelty Restaurant.
New York Counts, Clams, Cigars
THOMAS YOUNG, PROP'R.

Just Received!
The Finest and most complet line of
Picture Mouldings
ever brought to Smethport. Before you purchase a frame call and see the elegant assortment at my studio.
"IKE" GLEASON, The Photographer
Smethport, Pa.